The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1901 XL—NO 20

SHAFFER HAS ORDERED THOUSANDS TO QUIT WORKING.

Extension of the Great Strike Is to Go Into Effect Next Saturday Night.

MEN AT NEW CASTLE CAME OUT LAST NIGHT.

Shaffer Sent Them an Order to Quit at Midnight and They Complied—It Was Found That the Trust Had Been Piling Up Union-Made Bars In Old Housings of Dismantled Jennings Sheet Mill—Shaffer Said They Were Intended to Supply Non-Union Mills, When the Plants Were Shut Down.

NEW CASTLE, PA., AUG. 7.—OVER 250 MEN STRUCK HERE AT MIDNIGHT.

Pittsburg, Aug. 7.—President Shaffer's order for an extension of the steel strike to every department of the United States Steel corporation was issued at 6 o'clock last evening.

SATURDAY NIGHT at the end of the last turn has been fixed for this great paralysis of industry.

If the edict of unionism is obeyed about 125,000 men of the steel industry will be idle—unemployed—Sunday morning. It is the supreme test of the trades unions' strength.

The order was as follows:

Shaffer's Strike Extension Order.

Pittsburg, Aug. 6.

Brethren:

The officials of the United States Steel trust have refused to recognize as union men those who are now striking for the rights to organize.

The executive board has authorized me to issue a call upon all Amalgamated and other union men in heart and name to join in the movement to fight for labor's right. We must fight or give up forever our personal liberty. You will be told that you have signed contracts.

You never agreed to surrender those contracts to the United States Steel company. Its officers claim that you were sold to them, just as the mills were, contracts and all.

Remember, before you agreed to this contract you took an obligation to the A. A. It now calls you to help in this hour of need.

Unless the trouble is settled on or before Saturday, Aug. 10, 1901, the mills will close when the last turn is made on that day.

Brethren, this is the call to preserve our organization. We trust you and need you. Come and help us, and may right come to a just cause.

Fraternally Yours,

T. J. SHAFFER.

Preceding the sending forth of this great document, with its message of strife, privation, days of watching, anxiety, President Shaffer sent out a notice to the constituent companies of the combination of steel manufacturers and capitalists, notifying them that unless peace was sought, or a treaty arranged, their plants would be drawn into the conflict between the toiler and the capitalist. They were not advised as to the time.

Men Ordered Out at New Castle.

Simultaneously with the mailing of the ominous order to other plants, President Shaffer placed on the wires of the Western Union Telegraph company a message to the employes of the National Steel company at New Castle. He asked them to drop their work at midnight—not Saturday night. They were to come out last night to prevent the successful carrying out of a coup by the trust.

After issuing the official call for next Saturday night, President Shaffer said:

"At noon today I called out all the men employed in the New Castle mills of the National Steel company. They will stop work at 12 o'clock tonight. My purpose in doing this was that I learned that the trust has been piling up union-made bars in the old housings of the dismantled Jennings sheet mill, for the purpose of supplying the trade to non-union mills when the plants were shut down. It was a clever trick, but it did not work. The trust will need what bars they have stored now bad enough before they are through with this strike. After sending this telegram to New Castle, I received a reply which read as follows:

"'MILL WILL CLOSE. MEN ARE ALL FIRM.'

"This will bring out about 1,500 men in that plant of the National Steel works in that town. You see, we have to be on the watch for just such moves by the trust as this was. We know what is going on just as well as they do and are fully prepared to meet every move that they make."

Discussing the feature of the strike that would bear directly upon the prosperity of the country, President Shaffer said:

"The closing of all these mills will be felt by all classes. It will stop production and this will stop commerce the effect will be bad, and no one realizes it more than I do. I realized it all the time and tried to avoid by every means in my power the carrying out of this program, but it was of no use. Right must triumph, however. It will triumph, in spite of the trust saying that the union men cannot exist in their mills.

"In this call for the men to come out, we tried to avoid all meaningless words, all bombastic utterances and sensational sentences. It is too serious a matter for stage play. The Amalgamated men fully realize the task that is before them and and have been prepared for it. They are, I believe, ready to suffer long for what they firmly believe to be their rights. They will suffer hunger, poverty and privation of all kinds before giving in. The trust can never crush such men as our people. They may start some of the mills, but they cannot start many of them."

"What about President Gompers?" President Shaffer was asked.

"I cannot talk on that matter just yet. There are certain things that it is not wise to discuss and give our enemies advanced information on. When Mr. Gompers is ready he will be heard from, no doubt. He must speak for himself."

Beyond this, Mr. Shaffer would not talk on the subject of the American Federation of Labor. He expressed the belief, however, that there would be no trouble in getting the aid and support of that great body when it was needed. The Amalgamated association was one of the fathers of the organization and had been instrumental in putting it on its feet. It had always paid the per capita tax for its support, and had been among its most prominent supporters.

The relations between the two organizations, he said, were peculiarly intimate and interwoven. It was intimated that as a result of this, the effect of the strike would be felt far more generally than was expected by the public.

Will There Be Sympathetic Strikes?

The statement of Mr. Shaffer that when this strike was settled the trust would have more than the Amalgamated association to deal with has been the first direct intimation that there was in prospect some sympathetic strikes. Not a single word has been uttered since then, or before it, to give any idea of the general plans that are being put in force. It is the broadness of them and the widespread effect that they will have that leads the Amalgamated leaders to believe that the trust will be forced for its own sake, and to protect itself from the wrath of the general public, to come to a settlement with its men.

President Shaffer said last night:

"These men can decide for themselves whether they will stand by their organization. We want no one to come out unwillingly. If our people are not in full sympathy with our fight we would rather they would remain at work. They will not be asked to decide hastily. They will have until Saturday night of this week to think it over. When they finally do decide, they will come out prepared for the battle. There will be no faltering, no indecision, no ignorance in action, but a unity of purpose and a determination to stand for their rights."

NO SYMPATHY STRIKE.

Agent of Machinists' Union Says It Is Against Constitution of the Federation.

Indianapolis, Aug. 7.—Business Agent Collins, of the National Machinists' union, discussing the probability of aid for the steel strikers, said:

"The American Federation will not go further than give its moral and financial support to the strikers. Not even if the Amalgamated association was affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, which it is not. The constitution of the American Federation of Labor forbids the declaration of sympathetic strikes. While the men employed in the metal trades here are in the same general line of work as the strikers, they are not members of the Amalgamated association.

"I look for trouble to result from this fight, as it is going to be the biggest labor war since the great strike of 1876. The trust cannot afford to have its plants idle in the first place, and, to make a waiting fight effective, it would have to set to work to cripple the independent mills. This would be a bad move for it. The only way it can do is to import scabs. The men will not sit idly by and allow this, and the result will be trouble.

"Organized labor is heart and soul with the strikers, and if they need financial aid they will get it."

FINANCIAL AND SYMPATHETIC.

Help All the Steel Workers Will Get From the Miners, Said Board Members.

Indianapolis, Aug. 7.—The national executive board of the United Mine Workers confined itself to a consideration of labor troubles affecting the organization. The continued absence of President Mitchell, made necessary on account of the illness of his child, prevented the board from taking up any discussion of the steel workers' difficulties. The members of the board are unanimous, however, in their assertions that this action, whenever it comes, will not be of a strike nature. At the farthest it will be merely the proffer of financial assistance and moral sympathy.

The board considered the strike conditions in the Thacker field of West Virginia, where 400 or 500 miners have been on strike for the past five months. The discussion ended in the board deciding to send tents to the strikers who are now being ejected from their homes by the coal operators who own the houses.

GOLD WAS STOLEN.

A Bold Robbery Occurs at Smelting Works, In California.

LOSS VALUED AT $280,000.

Selby Company the Victim—Robbers Bored Holes Under the Vault and Sprinkled Pepper in Their Tracks. Lost $50,000 In Their Haste.

San Francisco, Aug. 7.—The Selby Smelting and Lead company has been robbed of $280,000 worth of gold bullion.

The theft occurred some time Monday night and was not discovered until Tuesday morning. The thieves tunneled from outside the building, under the vault at the Selby works, which are located on the bay shore, about 30 miles from San Francisco. They secured nearly 1,200 pounds of fine gold, worth $20 an ounce, and escaped without leaving a trace of their identity behind.

It is supposed that when the robbers secured their loot they loaded it into a boat that was yaiting and disappeared in the fog that had arisen over San Francisco bay. In their haste to get away they left two gold bars, worth nearly $50,000, lying on the bank of the water's edge.

The police at all the bay cities were immediately notified of the crime, but all they could discover was a few of the tools the robbers had used.

Elaborate Preparations to Rob.

Preparatory engineering extending over several weeks probably was done before the robbery could be accomplished. Close to the wall of the building in which the vault is located a shaft was sunk below the foundation. Then a tunnel was run to the vault and holes were bored in the iron floor until an aperture sufficiently large to admit a man was made. It was then easy work to pass the treasure down into the tunnel and load it into a boat. The robbers even took the precaution to sprinkle red pepper in the tunnel in order to make things uncomfortable as possible for anyone who might attempt to pursue them.

There were four fine gold bricks in the vault which the robbers looted. Each was 10 inches long, 5 inches wide and 4 inches in height. They were all stamped with number, weight and fineness, and ran thus: No. 1,236, containing 1,190.37 ounces; No. 1,237, containing 1,127.43 ounces; No. 1,238, containing 1,123.22 ounces, and No. 1,239, containing 1,073.79 ounces.

All the bricks were 998 fine and worth $20.60 per ounce.

In addition to this there were stolen from the bullion vault crude gold in all shapes and sizes, and some of it in bars of different lengths. Chief of Detectives Seymour said in part:

"It is the boldest robbery in the history of the state, and fro mall the information that can be obtained at this time there is absolutely no clue to the robbers. In fact, we do not know whether the crime was committed by one man or five. The probabilities are, however, that more than one man was concerned in it."

HOWISON IS TO SERVE,

Appointed a Member of Board to Inquire Into the Conduct of Schley.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The vacancy in the Schley court of inquiry caused by the inability of Rear Admiral Kimberly to serve on account of ill health has been filled by the selection of Rear Admiral Howison, whose appointment was announced by Assistant Secretary Hackett. At the same time it was announced that this appointment would be agreeable to Admiral Schley. The department, before taking action, had submitted a list of names to Admiral Schley, which included that of Rear Admiral Howison, and Admiral Schley had indicated his entire willingness to accept any officer on the list. The department also communicated the selection to Captain Parker before making it public. Assistant Secretary Hackett, before issuing the order, communicated with Admiral Howison, who is at present at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and ascertained from him that he had given utterance to no expression of opinion regarding the merits of the Sampson-Schley controversy.

The department announced that Admiral Howison would accept the detail. Admiral Dewey was notified of Admiral Howison's selection, and the department sent to the latter a copy of the precept, together with Admiral Schley's letter relative to the fifth paragraph of the precept and the department's responses thereto, which correspondence is part of the official record.

Among the witnesses desired by Admiral Schley is Lieutenant Rodger Welles, who was aboard the Brooklyn as a member of Commodore Schley's staff throughout the Spanish war. There are no Spanish officers on Admiral Schley's list.

NEW BISHOP OF ALTOONA.

Garvey Officially Notified—Consecration May Occur in September.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 7.—Rev. E. A. Garvey, pastor of St. John's church, Pittston, was officially notified of his appointment to the bishopric of the new diocese of Altoona.

The papal documents were forwarded from the apostolic delegation in Washington by mail. It is probable the new bishop will be consecrated on some feast day in September.

ENCOURAGING CROP NEWS,

Helped Market Some Tuesday—Other Favorable Influences—Closing Was Weak.

New York, Aug. 7.—General conditions independent of the strike situation received more consideration Tuesday than for some time and were reflected in higher prices for securities. The absence during the greater part of the day of any sensational strike news, combined with the support which the United States Steel stocks received after their opening weakness, also aided the improvement. These conditions underwent a radical change in the final dealings, when a report was current that orders for a general strike of the steel workers would be ordered Tuesday night. The professional operators promptly put out large short lines and brought about declines of from 1 to about 3 points in the most prominent stocks. The market in detail practically showed a pretty steady improvement from the outset, the occasional setbacks which were forced by realizations being quickly overcome by a good demand for both accounts and evidences of inside support. London's attitude was regarded with some interest, but arbitrage operations proved small and were without influence. News from the crop regions was more encouraging and was supplemented by the weekly government report, which indicated improved conditions at important points. The outlook for a large crop of spring and winter wheat, in addition to some exceptional railroad earnings, also helped to sustain prices. Of the latter, Southern Railway and Missouri Pacific systems showed increases of $113,952 and $277,000 respectively for the fourth week in July. The gain for the month of uly in gross earnings by the Great Northern of $415,710 indicated the volume of wheat which is now being moved to the seaboard to meet the heavy export demand, and the higher price of the cereal Tuesday prompted a better demand for the wheat carrying roads. St. Paul led this division with a gain at one time of 2⅜, touching 157⅞. On the other hand, Atchison spurted up almost as much when corn displayed continued heaviness. Support was noticeable for stocks which were especially weak yesterday, these including the eastern trunk lines, southwesterns, tractions and Pacifics, where improvements had been made of from 1 to 3½ points. Sugar felt an early resumption of Monday's weakness, but after losing a point sold up 4. All these gains were considerably reduced during the late selling movement and net gains were limited to fractions. Trading in the steel stocks was comparatively light and there were not many large individual blocks. But 6,000 shares were dealt in at the opening at a gain of ¼ per cent. The stock soon yielded ¼ below Monday's close, but later on got ⅞ above, and ended unchanged for the day. Pressure was noted against the preferred right from the start, but after yielding ⅝ it got ⅛ above Monday's final figures and ended with a loss of ⅛. Money rules easy Tuesday and the chief feature of this department was the debit of $1,392,198 by the sub-treasury at the clearing house Tuesday morning on account of drafts drawn against gold deposited at Pacific coast points en route from the Klondike.

The closing of the stock market was weak, with business in increased volume.

THE MARKETS.

Pittsburg, Aug. 6.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 68@68c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow shelled, 60@61c; No. 2 yellow car, 60@61c.

OATS—No. 2 white, 45@45½c; extra No. 3 white, 44@44½c; regular No. 3, 43@43½c; low No. 2 white, 42½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $15.50@16.00; No. 2, $13.50@14.00; No. 1 mixed hay, $10.50@11.00; No. 1 clover hay, $10.00@10.50; No. 1 prairie hay $11.00@11.50.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23@23½c; tubs, 22@22½c; Ohio and Pennsylvania creamery, 20@20½c; dairy butter, 15@16c; country roll, 13@14c; cooking butter, 10@13c.

EGGS—Fresh at mark, 14@14½c; fresh candled, 15@15½c.

CHEESE—Full cream, New York, 11c; Ohio, 10@10½c; new, three-fourths cream, Ohio, 8½@9c; Ohio Swiss, tubs, 18c; Wisconsin, Swiss, tubs, 14½c; 20-pound block Swiss, new, 13½c; 5-pound brick cheese, 12@12½c; limberger, new, 12c.

POULTRY—Live—Hens, 9@10c; springers, 13@14c; roosters, 5@6c; turkeys, 7@8c; ducks, spring, 10c; geese, 75c@$1.25 per pair. Dressed—Fresh spring broilers, 15@18c; turkeys, 13@14c; ducks, spring, 10@18c.

Pittsburg, Aug. 6.

CATTLE—Receipts light, market steady. We quote: Choice, $5.50@5.80; prime, $5.30@5.65; good, $5.20@5.40; tidy, $4.90@5.10; good grass cattle, $4.00@4.50; heifers, $3.00@4.00; oxen, $2.50@4.25; fat cows, $2.00@4.00; bulls and stags, $2.00@4.00; common to fresh cows, $20.00@35.00; good fresh cows, $35.00@50.00.

HOGS—Receipts light, market strong. We quote: Prime heavy, $6.20@6.25; assorted mediums, $6.15; best heavy Yorkers, $6.12½@6.15; good light Yorkers, $6.05@6.10; common to fair Yorkers, $6.00@6.05; pigs, as to weight and quality, $5.85@6.00; skips, $4.25@5.50; roughs, $4.00@5.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light, market very dull. We quote: Best wethers, $4.00@4.10; good, $3.00@3.50; culls and common, $1.50@2.50; yearlings, $3.00@4.40; veal calves, $5.50@6.00; heavy and thin, $4.00@5.00; spring lambs, $3.00@5.00.

New York, Aug. 6.

WHEAT—Spot market dull; No. 2 red, 77½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 75½c in elevator; No. Northern Duluth, 78½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Duluth, 86½c f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Spot market easy; No. 2, 60½c in elevator and 62½c f. o. b. afloat.

OATS—Spot market quiet; No. 2, 38½c; No. 3, 38c; No. 2 white, 42@42½c; No. 3 white, 41½; track mixed western, 38@40c; track white, 40@49c.

CATTLE—Market steady.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep slow; top grades steady; good and prime lambs about steady; others extremely dull and lower; 24 cars of stock unsold. Sheep, $2.25@4.00; culls, $1.05@2.00; lambs, $4.00@5.87½; one car, $6.25; culls and common do, $2.50@3.00.

HOGS—Market a trifle firm.

India does not produce any horses fit for military service.

NEWS OF THE STRIKE

Shaffer's Order Being Generally Observed.

EFFORT TO CRUSH MOLDERS

Expected Arrival of Non-Union Men at Wheeling Creates Great Excitement—Mine Workers will Give Strikers Financial Aid—Railroad Organizations Will Not be Affected by Strike.

WHEELING, Aug. 7.—The news that one hundred non-union mill men were expected to arrive here on the 11:05 train on the Wheeling & Lake Erie, to be placed in the Riverside tube mill at Benwood, spread like wildfire. Fully 400 men waited at the Martins Ferry depot, and others marched to Wheeling earlier in the evening. At the Wheeling depot there was a larger crowd. When the Wheeling & Lake Erie train arrived on time there was a rush, but as no signals were received from Martins Ferry only the rank and file figured in it.

The trainmen said only regular passengers were carried from Toledo through, but every passenger was closely scrutinized. Next the crowd surged to the Baltimore & Ohio depot, and at 11:30 the Pittsburg train arrived. There was another general inspection, and the same result. Undismayed the crowd lingered until the belated Grafton division passenger came in at midnight, only to find ordinary travelers. Then the men dispersed for their homes. The 300 workers who hold the key to the Riverside big tube works are credited with being organized to a unit, and by Thursday every skilled man will be enrolled, it is claimed. This plant employs 2,500 men and never was unionized, but the Amalgamated leaders tonight say they can pull it over by Saturday, when they expect the strike to go into effect.

LATER.—The Amalgamated leaders here say that they will close the Riverside tube works if non union men are sent to take their places. A kitchen has been erected in the Belaire plant to feed the men within the works, showing a purpose to import and protect men.

EIGHT HUNDRED MEN OUT.

Mill Men at Newcastle Obey Shaffer's Order.

NEWCASTLE, Pa., Aug. 7.—At 12 o'clock last night eight hundred employes of the National Steel Company walked out of the mill, in accordance with the order of President Shaffer. The strike at Newcastle will practically cripple the town, as it means the loss of pay to at least 5,700 men. Of these 800 are union men from the National Steel Company's mills, 900 workmen thrown out by the strike, 1,500 tin workers, members of the union, and 2,500 others who cannot work on account of the strike. The strike will also affect 1,200 men employed at the Rosena, Raney, Shenango and Neshannock furnaces, which will be compelled to close. A large percentage of these men are members of the Federation, and they will probably join the strike out of sympathy. Both officers and men of the Federation refuse to discuss the situation or to say whether they expect to join the Amalgamated Association in the strike.

GUNBOAT GOES SOUTH.

Will Protect American Interests at Colon.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The navy department has ordered the gunboat Machias to proceed to Colon to look after American interests, in view of the reported interruption of traffic at the Isthmus.

RECEIVED IN CLEVELAND.

Plans Discussed in Carrying Out Strike Order.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 7.—On receipt of the strike order today a meeting of the Amalgamated Association members was called. The order was read and plans discussed for carrying it out.

SHAFFER'S DECISION.

No Transfer to the United States Steel Corporation.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 7.—President Shaffer says the contracts made by the Amalgamated workmen for a year do not permit a transfer to the United States Steel Corporation, and cannot prevent them from obeying the strike order.

A NEW UNION.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—President O'Neill, of the International Machinists' Union, admits that a movement is on foot in Buffalo to organize a new organization of machinists.

MEN WILL NOT GO OUT.

Youngstown Plant Will Not be Unionized.

YOUNGSTOWN, Aug. 7.—The officials of the Ohio plant of the National Steel Company say their employes have informed them that they will pay no attention to Shaffer's order. The plant is non-union and employs three thousand men.

PITTSBURG MILL STARTS.

One Hundred Men at Work, and More to Resume.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 7.—The Clark plant, which has been closed since the strike began, resumed today, with about one hundred men and boys. Two mills started, and the superintendent says two more will be running before the end of the week. It is a surprise to the strikers.

CRUSH MOLDERS' UNION.

Non-Union Men Will Run Chicago Foundries.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—While union molders were walking the streets by their employers' refusal to pay $3 a day, these same employers voted to replace them with non-union men who are to receive $4.50 and $4.75 a day. The Founders' Association thus takes the first step in a fight for the extermination of the machinists' and iron molders' unions. From eight hundred to one thousand non-union men will be brought to Chicago and put to work in the plants of the association. These men will sleep in the establishments.

RAILROADERS NOT AFFECTED.

Constitutions of Brotherhoods Forbid Sympathetic Strikes.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 7.—Officials of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, having headquarters in this city, believe there is little probability of railway employes becoming involved in the steel strike. Both organizations mentioned have provisions in their constitutions that prevent sympathy strikes, and neither organization is affiliated with any other organization in such a way as to make it possible for either to become involved in the strikes of other organizations in which railroad men are not directly implicated.

U. M. W. OF A.'S STAND.

Will Aid the Amalgamated Strikers Financially.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 7.—The national executive board of the United Mine Workers, owing to the continued absence of President Mitchell on account the sickness of his child, did not discuss the steel workers' difficulties. The members of the board are unanimous, however, in their assertions that this action, whenever it comes, will not be of a strike nature. It will be the proffer of financial assistance and moral sympathy. The board considered the strike conditions in the Thacker field of West Virginia, where four or five hundred miners have been on strike for the past five months, and decided to send tents to the strikers, who are now being ejected from their homes.

DECORATING COMMENCED.

Cleveland is Getting Ready for G. A. R. Encampment.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 7.—Work upon the streets of the city in preparation for the coming national encampment of the Grand Army was begun today. The decorations in the public square will be one of the most notable features. At the entrances to the diagonal walks will be placed two double columns—thirty-two for the square, all white, and all twenty-six feet high. Interposed between the two double columns will be two single columns. All will be handsomely lighted electrically and joined by festoons of electric lights. Over the intersection of Ontario and Superior streets will be hung an electric light ball, and festoons of lights will reach to the double columns at each of the four corners.

SIX WEEKS OF MOURNING.

All Public Amusements Suspended Till After the Funeral.

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—A special edition of the Reichsanzeiger published yesterday morning contains an imperial cabinet order giving notice of the death of Empress Frederick and ordering six weeks' national mourning, beginning today. The order also directs that all public amusements, including concerts and theatrical performances, be suspended until after the funeral. According to dispatches from Cronberg the death agony of the dowager empress was brief, lasting hardly a quarter of an hour. When Prof. Renvers informed Emperor William that his mother's heart had ceased to beat the chaplain made a brief prayer and the emperor placed white lilies in his mother's hands.

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THE GRAND SCHEMER

HIS TAILOR CALLS TO SEE HIM WITH HIS LITTLE BILL.

The Account Remains Unsettled, but the Clothing Artist Is Taken Into the Great American Steam Trousers Creaser Company.

[Copyright, 1900, by C. B. Lewis.]

Major Crofoot had left the door of his office open by accident, and as he sat smoking with his heels on his desk he was suddenly accosted with:

"I vhas come for dot leetle bill."

"What—er—eh—is it you?" exclaimed the major as he almost fell out of his chair in getting up. "Well, well, but this is luck. Why, man, I was just making out a check for you. I happened to remember that I owed you a dollar for cleaning my suit."

"Yes, it vhas a dollar," replied the tailor as he held out the bill, "und you don't pay me for a year."

"A year? How time flies! Yes, it is a bill for a dollar for cleaning a salt and pepper suit, and if you had only waited half an hour you would have had a check for it. The check would have been filled out for $100. My dear

"I VHAS COME FOR DOT LEETLE BILL."

man, you are one of the few people who had confidence in me when my fortunes were at the lowest ebb. The check for a hundred was to prove my gratitude."

"Vhell, I'll take him now," said the tailor.

"Ah, I remember that salt and pepper suit and the days of my adversity!" sighed the major as he walked about and ignored the check. "You brought the suit up here one day thoroughly cleaned and rehabilitated, and you went away saying not a word about the bill. You treated me as if I had millions of dollars, and never, never can I forget your consideration. Major Crofoot remembers those who remember him."

"Vhell?" queried the tailor as he looked at the bill in his hand.

"I said a check for a hundred," replied the major, "but I shall do better than that. A hundredfold is not enough. I'll make a rich man of you. I'll put you right up among the millionaires. The more I think of how you trusted in my integrity the more anxious am I to prove my gratitude. Tailor, shake hands. Tailor, accept my congratulations."

"But how vhas he?" asked the creditor, with a puzzled look.

"It was this way, my dear, confiding friend: I was just about to incorporate the Great American Steam Trousers Creaser, with a cash capital of $1,000,000. The papers go to the secretary of state today. Next week the first machine is set up. In three months we shall have 50 of them at work in the principal cities of the United States. The stock is supposed to sell at par, but I can get you $10,000 worth at $87. The dividends won't be less than 50 per cent and may go a hundred. For the first machine out we want a practical manager. You shall have the position at $20,000 a year. Tailor, shake hands."

"I don't see how he vhas," said the tailor after a lymphatic shake.

"You don't? That is because your good fortune has for the moment upset you. Look at my trousers. Look at the trousers of all the men you meet. There are creases in them. When you buy a pair of $10 trousers, you pay $5 for the creases. You must have 'em to be in the swim. Can't go into society or get a check cashed at the bank without 'em. The creasing, as you know, is now done by hand and is slow work. Our company will crease by steam. The trousers will be fed in, the same as straw, and at the rate of 30 pairs a minute. They come out beautifully creased, at a cost of only a quarter a pair, and there you are. Each machine will crease 18,000 pairs per day of ten hours, and that's an income of $4,500 a day. We shall steam crease the trousers of the world. Every royal head will be among our patrons. Isn't it plain to you now? Isn't it as clear as daylight that you will be riding in your own barouche in less than six months?"

"But you owe me a dollar," persisted the tailor.

"Great Scott, but you talk about a dollar when hundreds of thousands are falling at your feet! Let me go over this once again. We are the Great American Steam Trousers Creaser. We don't steam trousers, but we crease 'em by steam."

"I know."

"We crease 18,000 pairs per day at a quarter a pair. We make $4,400 per day clear money on every machine, and we have 20,000 machines at work. Your share of the profits will be at least half a million dollars per year. In ten years you are worth $5,000,000. Tailor, shake hands. It all comes from your confidence in me."

"But I don't have some confidence. I vhas here for my dollar."

"And the dollar is your deposit on your ground floor stock. It is an evidence of your good faith and will eventually be returned to you. Can you sell your shop today? Can you be ready in three days to take hold of the first machine and feed 18,000 pairs of trousers through it? You can, of course. You will be ready, and I can depend on you. Shall I speak to some bank about your opening an account?"

"If—if—you could pay"—

"You'll get your first month's salary in advance, and if you want to use half a million I can lend you the cash. That's all except that we'll shake hands again. You will excuse me, I know, but I've got to go out for an hour or two. Call again. See you later. Don't fail me."

The grand promoter put on his hat and overcoat and left the office. The tailor had come for that dollar. He took a chair to wait. The fire was low and the room was cold, and in an hour his teeth were chattering. He stood it for another hour, and then he rose up and softly tiptoed out and went down stairs. At the foot of the stairs he met a man who queried:

"Do you know if that old deadbeat Major Crofoot is up stairs?"

"He vhas gone out," was the reply.

"Have you been trying to collect a bill?"

"Yes."

"And how did you come out?"

"I vhas put into dot Great American Steam Trousers Creaser und creased all over 18,000 pairs a day, und now I vhas glad to go home mit my life und let dot bill go. Shake hands. I congratulate you!" M. QUAD.

A WOMAN'S STRATEGY.

She Found a Way to Quicken a Laggard Lover to Action.

After the athletic young man, resting lazily in an easy chair, had studied the ceiling at which he was blowing smoke he replied to the pretty sister who had twice asked him the same question:

"Bess, you know I don't care the turn of my hand for women. I'm saturated with what the politicians call apathy. Of course I remember the Georgia girl that visited us last summer. She was a magnificent creature to look at, but I'll warrant she is just like the rest of them. I paid her some attention for your sake, little one, but really I had to think twice before recalling her. Her name was Molly, wasn't it?"

"Tab Twing writes me of a report that Molly is going to marry Captain Howker of the army. You know him," and the sister took observations from the corner of one eye.

"What, that chump? The infernal feather headed flirt and egotistical ignoramus! What right has a conceited puppy like that to marry a woman like her, to drag her from garrison to camp and from camp to garrison? Don't her family know enough to prevent it? Good heavens, Bess, you have influence with her! Why don't you interfere?"

"And get snubbed for my pains? I guess not! But you seem agitated about the matter, my dear boy."

"No; it's not that, Bess." Yet she could see the blush on the back of his neck as he looked out the window. "I'm ill. I've felt it coming on for several weeks. The truth is that the doctor says I must go south for awhile," and he never hesitated at this whopper, and she was gushing in her hypocritical sympathy. "It's a confounded nuisance, but I'll start tonight!"

Within 15 minutes she sent this: "Darling Molly, he's coming. I told you I'd find a way to stir him up."—Detroit Free Press.

When the Chief Cook Leaves.

The importance of a chief cook becomes evident when the time for his departure arrives. One day last week the proprietor of a popular restaurant on Fifth avenue decided for reasons of his own to part with the services of the man who had for some years looked after his kitchen. The chef retired and with him more than 20 of his assistants. This number included his assistant cooks and every man in the kitchen, even to the unimportant functionary who presides over the refrigerators. This exodus did not surprise the proprietor.

The chef had brought the others with him, and they were in a way more closely attached to his service than to the proprietor who paid them their wages. When a substitute was hired, he also brought the same complete corps of assistants who are supposed to know the methods of their chief better than any assistants not directly employed by him.

This manner of employment exists in all the large restaurants, where the head cook is absolute master in the kitchen and controls all the branches of his department down to the most unimportant. He is held responsible on this ground for all that may happen under his direction even if he was not personally concerned in the matter.—New York Sun.

Evolution.

Johnny was spelling his way through a marriage notice in the morning paper.

"At high noon," he read, "the clergyman took his stand beneath the floral bell, and to the music of the wedding march the contradicting parties moved down the"—

"Not 'contradicting,' Johnny," interrupted his elder sister, "'contracting.'"

"Well," stoutly contended Johnny, "they'll be contradicting parties after awhile."—Youth's Companion.

By the Cabman's Watch.

Blinks—I hear the cabmen are going to strike for shorter hours.

Minks (who sometimes rides)—Why, goodness me, their hours are not over 40 minutes long now!—New York Weekly.

It is one of the peculiarities of Wall street zoology that the lambs are always bulls.—Philadelphia Ledger.

You can't convince a man who has dyspepsia that crime is not on the increase.—Philadelphia Record.

HOME TEA GROWERS.

SOUTHERN PLANTERS ARE SUCCEEDING WITH THE CROP.

The Overcoming of Former Difficulties May Enable the American Farmer to Supply the Home Market—The Cost of Production.

Can the United States of America grow the tea that is consumed here or must we rely forever upon China, Japan and Ceylon for "the cups that cheer, but not inebriate?" That is the question that is just now interesting the agricultural department as well as a number of American capitalists. The former recently expressed its official opinion that land in the south is capable of producing tea under certain conditions. The latter are willing to spend many thousands of dollars in either proving or disproving the department's contention. The American tea market is a plum worth trying for, since about 75,000,000 pounds of the leaves are consumed annually in the United States.

For about half a century intermittent attempts to grow tea in our southern states have been made with varying success. The main difficulties in the path of the American tea raiser have been the lack of favorable climate and the cost of labor. The tea plant needs alternating gentle showers and warm sunshine to develop perfectly the tender leaves. The climate of our southern states is too capricious to insure these essentials. Now, however, the advance in agricultural science has supplied what may be called artificial conditions to the plants in the form of irrigation, high manuring and careful shading.

The question of labor is one that has proved most serious to the American tea grower. Picking a pound of tea has cost him from five to eight times as much as it did his Asiatic competitor. Of course much of the work of preparing the leaves is done by ingenious American machinery, but the picking must be done by hand. A happy solution of the difficulty seems to have been discovered. On a number of tea farms in the south the labor of negro children is now utilized. The work is neither difficult nor severe, and the pickaninnies make good tea pickers. They pick the tea before and after school hours and earn about 40 cents a day.

AMERICAN TEA PICKERS AT WORK.

It has been proved that a good grade of American tea can be grown and put on the market in bulk at a cost not exceeding 15 cents a pound. Under fair conditions an acre will yield 400 pounds of leaves. The cost of growing would thus be $60 an acre. The tea should sell in bulk for at least 30 cents, leaving a profit of 100 per cent. Allowance must be made, however, for other expenses, such as the salary of a superintendent and the interest of the money invested.

The agricultural department and planters are confident that they can supply this country with high grade tea. It seems fairly certain, however, that they will not compete with Asiatics in the poorer and cheaper kinds for some time if ever. It is thought that with increasing wealth and intelligence American tea drinkers will demand only the best and will be willing to pay a higher price. In that event tea growing in the United States will become a decided success. The best tea can be furnished to Americans only from American gardens, as it will not bear transportation to a distance.

American tea is entirely of Chinese and Japanese origin. It is doubtful that our southern states afford suitable localities for the growth of the Indian or Ceylonese varieties, since the climates differ so greatly. The tea plant, unfortunately, grows best under climatic and soil conditions that are ruinous to the health of Europeans and Americans. The very conditions that make the best growth create the worst malarial disorders among people from temperate climates. "Fever and tea go together" is an old saying.

THE SMART WOMAN.

Her Secret Lies Not In Clothes, but In Carriage.

Good carriage is essential to style. No matter what a woman wears, if she does not carry herself alertly and gracefully her appearance is slipshod, but let her learn to stand, walk and breathe properly, and the simplest costume has an air of richness and smartness. There is no skirt made that will appear stylish on the woman who stands with the abdomen protruding, and the smartest shirt waists become a mockery over the hollow chest. These, then, are two of the most common faults in the carriage of the average woman, both the result of ignorance or carelessness, which can only be overcome by regular systematic exercise. To learn to walk and to stand correctly are duties every woman owes to herself, and they should form a part of every girl's early training, for a careless habit once formed is hard to break. Stand well and walk well, and the rest will follow says The New Idea Woman's Magazine, which discourses of the "smart" girl as follows:

The "smart" girl takes herself seriously, as though she were a poet, and starts out with the determination to perfect herself, body and clothes.

Here, then, is her secret. She knows how to stand correctly, and she has found out that no woman who poises her body properly at the waist line can ever appear commonplace, no matter how simple her attire.

The minute a woman stands lightly on her feet, with knees straight, chest well out, stomach flat, shoulders drawn down and the body, from waist up, tilting ever so lightly forward, she has acquired at once a certain smartness of effect that no amount of beauty or fine clothes could give. A woman simply can't stand correctly and look slovenly. The "smart" girl is never round shouldered or hollow chested, and, by standing properly, she breathes properly. Every full, deep breath she draws strengthens the muscles of her sides and abdomen. She is bound not to grow into a fat, ungainly woman, who can never catch her breath or a train, for a proper poise of the body means good digestion and good health.

SMART CARRIAGE.

It is probably going too far to say that a girl sets about being "smart" in order to be healthy, but it is absolutely true that she is quite likely to grow stronger because of her correct way of carrying her body.

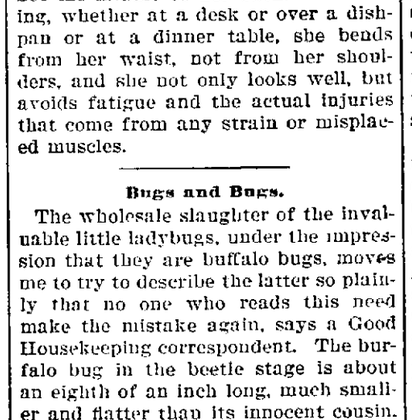
How many women sink into a little heap the minute they sit down—shoulders drooping, chest sunken, the whole weight of the body thrown on the end of the spine. The "smart" girl sits in the same erect, alert way that she stands, and if she wishes to rest she leans back against her shoulders and not the middle of her back. In bending, whether at a desk or over a dishpan or at a dinner table, she bends from her waist, not from her shoulders, and she not only looks well, but avoids fatigue and the actual injuries that come from any strain or misplaced muscles.

Bugs and Bugs.

The wholesale slaughter of the invaluable little ladybugs, under the impression that they are buffalo bugs, moves me to try to describe the latter so plainly that no one who reads this need make the mistake again, says a Good Housekeeping correspondent. The buffalo bug in the beetle stage is about an eighth of an inch long, much smaller and flatter than its innocent cousin. It is covered with minute black and white scales, giving it the mottled look of old fashioned chinchilla worsted, and has a narrow stripe of red down the middle of the back only. It likes the light, so you will often find it on the window casings, but in the summer it will leave the house for the garden. The tiny, shining, black carpet beetle is a little longer and narrower than the buffalo bug and an easy prey on account of its color.

Skirt For Summer Gowns.

Flounces, big and little, are becoming universal for muslins, veilings, foulards and other thin materials. The model is a particularly good one, well fitting



FLOUNCED SKIRT FOR THIN MATERIALS.

round the hips down to the shaped volante, which can be either cut in one with the upper part and left loose or put on separately under the ruching. The under flounce is cut separately and attached to the foundation.

Pineapple Frappe.

Peel, eye and shred or grate one good sized fresh pineapple. Make a sirup with one and a half cupfuls of sugar and one pint of water, boil for five minutes and cool. Add the juice of three lemons, the prepared pineapple and one quart of water. Pour into the freezer and freeze to a mush. Serve in small glasses.

USING ANÆSTHETICS.

THE FACTS ABOUT THE EFFECTS OF CHLOROFORM AND ETHER.

Evil Deeds Are Not Easy to Do With the Aid of These Drugs—Some Popular Misinformation on the Subject Corrected.

A curious case of robbery under chloroform which was decided in London not long ago was followed with great interest by writers on medical jurisprudence. Hitherto many such writers have expressed great doubt about these cases, for the process is by no means so easy of use as people think.

Very extravagant ideas prevail among the public as to the power of anæsthetics, owing perhaps to the license employed by novelists when they describe "fancy" cases in their books.

One reads, for instance, of a man in a railway carriage waving a handkerchief before the face of a fellow traveler and producing instantaneous unconsciousness. This is absolutely impossible. Another imaginative writer recently described a murder carried out by pushing a towel saturated with a powerful anæsthetic under the bedroom door of his sleeping victim. This also is nonsense.

In another tale the more feasible plan is carried out of entering the sleeping man's chamber, pouring the anæsthetic on the bed, the murderer standing by and watching his victim die. But even this is stretching the truth rather severely.

The true facts about chloroform and its companion anæsthetic, ether, are as follows:

First, with regard to administering the drug during sleep, doctors have made very exhaustive experiments, for it would be of great advantage to a patient on whom an operation has to be performed to chloroform him while asleep and save him the horror which so many people have of the inhalation, and they sum up the results, showing that very rarely can chloroform be administered to a sleeping person without awakening him. Grown people are, with the rarest exception, awakened by the irritating fumes. If a man were tired and if his nose were naturally insensitive to unpleasant odors, and especially if he were under the influence of drink, it might be possible to make him unconscious while asleep. But not even every doctor could do it. The operation would require the highest skill, and the most skillful administrator would succeed only once in a hundred times.

If we take the case of spilling the chloroform in a room and thus impregnating all the air of the room, the thing is out of the question. Yet not only do novelists assert that this can be done, but many people have been actually charged in real life with doing it—for the purpose of blackmailing them, for injuring them or perhaps to throw off suspicion from the pretended victim who has committed the robbery himself. If the room measures, say, 12 feet square and is 9 feet high, it would probably take a gallon of chloroform spilled on the floor to make a man unconscious. All the chinks and crannies would have to be stopped up first, moreover, and the operator himself would have to be poison proof or he also would succumb.

As a matter of fact, the only way to render a person unconscious by the use of chloroform is in the way practiced by surgeons in the operating room. And this is by no means an easy task. There are several ways of doing it. The chloroform may be dropped on a handkerchief, which is then held over the face at some little distance, or it may be dropped on a sponge, or it may be used in one of the innumerable machines invented for the purpose. But the vapor must be mixed with air before it is breathed. That is the reason the handkerchief or the sponge is held some inches from the face. As a rule it takes from five to eight minutes to make the person unconscious, and during this time he generally struggles very violently.

It is probable that many of the charges of chloroforming which have been made are false. Sometimes the pretended victim asserts that he has become unconscious immediately. But it has been shown in evidence that the time necessary to bring about this result is at least four or five minutes. Sometimes he says he could not cry out, yet he describes all the circumstances of the administration minutely. Now, the first effect of the chloroform is to produce confusion of the mind, while, on the other hand, the patient can cry out almost up to the last. He becomes mentally confused before he loses the power of speech. These few facts are sufficient perhaps to demonstrate that some charges of possible chloroforming are necessarily untrue.—London Mail.

Not Quite What She Meant.

A very stout lady while out walking in a certain part of Edinburgh came to a gateway which appeared to be the entrance to a private road. Not being certain, however, she asked one of two messenger boys who were standing at the entrance whether she could get through the gateway or not.

The boy looked her up and down and across. Then, winking to his friend, he replied:

"I dinna ken, missus, but think ye micht try, as I saw a horse and cart gang through a wee while since."—London Tit-Bits.

He Knew When He Was Well Off.

Teddie slept in a big bed with his mother, and one winter's night, being right in the middle of it when his mother's bedtime came, she suggested to him to move on his side. He blinked up at her rebelliously: "No, I t'ink I won't move. It's cold everywhere I ain't."—Harper's Bazar.

They Never Fail.

Headache ?

You need a gentle heart stimulant which leaves no bad after effects.

Clinic Headache Wafers

are sure and speedy, easily taken, do not depress—absolutely harmless.

The True Heart Tonic.

CLINIC PHARMACAL CO., TORONTO, OHIO.

ALL DRUGGISTS, 10 CTS.

Half Rates to Wisconsin and Michigan Resorts

August 1 to 10, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will sell excursion tickets from Chicago to the summer resorts of Wisconsin and Michigan at rate of one fare (minimum rate $4) for round trip, limit October 31.

The list of resorts includes Milwaukee, Waukesha, Palmyra, Madison, Kilbourn, Elkhart Lake, Pewaukee, Lakeside, Hartland, Nashotah, Oconomowoc, Sparta, Marquette, Houghton, Ontonagon, Sault Ste. Marie, St. Ignace, Minocqua and Star Lake.

Through sleeping cars to Marquette, Calumet, Minocqua and Star Lake and frequent trains with parlor cars to nearby resorts.

All coupon ticket agents sell tickets via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, or address E. G. Hayden, traveling passenger agent, Cleveland, O.

Mrs. S. H. Allport, Johnstown, Pa., says: "Our little girl almost strangled to death with croup. The doctors said she couldn't live, but she was instantly relieved by One Minute Cough Cure." Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

AN EASTERN TRIP

On Excursion Tickets Over the Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to New York may be obtained at principal ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines, good going and returning over the Pennsylvania Lines—or going via Pennsylvania Lines and returning via the other direct lines from New York, including the routes via Buffalo with privilege of stopping over at that point to take in the Pan-American Exposition and Niagara Falls, or returning via Washington, D. C., with stop-over at that point. Full information will be furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines.

James White, Bryantsville, Ind., says DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve healed running sores on both legs. He had suffered 6 years. Doctors failed to help him. Get DeWitt's. Accept no imitation. C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

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When You Go East by Traveling via D. & C., the Coast Line.

The new steel passenger steamers leave St. Ignace, Mackinac, Cheboygan and Alpena four times per week for Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburg, New York, Cincinnati, and all points East, South and Southeast.

A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A.,
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If the action of your bowels is not easy and regular serious complications must be the final result. DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove this danger. Safe, pleasant and effective. C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

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What? The D. & C., the coast line to Mackinac. Spend your outing on the Great Lakes, visiting Picturesque Mackinac, the hub of the inland seas, where cool breezes blow and black bass bite. Send 2c. for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A.,
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For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. 25c a bottle.

Want Column ads. pay. Try it.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and $1. Large size contains 2½ times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free.

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BAR-BEN

.....BUILDS UP THE.....

BODY, BRAIN and NERVES

and purifies the blood. It infuses new vigor and vitality into the weak, nervous and broken down system, stops all unnatural drains and causes a general feeling of health power and vitality. Within three days after taking the first dose you will notice the return of the old vim, snap and energy you have counted as lost forever. While the generative organs are helped to regain their normal powers and the sufferer is quickly made conscious of direct benefit, BAR-BEN makes the appetite keen, the digestion perfect and the nerves strong and steady as steel. BAR-BEN is especially efficacious for weak women.

All druggists, 50 cents or mailed sealed on receipt of price. Write for free sample.

The Bar-Ben Remedies Co., Cleveland, O.

For sale by J. M. Schuckers and Rider & Snyder.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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The Arabian horse is a better thing to import than the man who raised him.

A man who does not know enough to cut the tails off his lambs when they are 10 days old has no business keeping sheep.

The two horse load of barnyard manure placed on $50 land which produces an average of 35 bushels of corn to the acre is worth $1 at least.

The unusual coincidence of 6 cent hogs and an entire absence of hog cholera are piling up a lot of wealth all through the corn belt.

The long range weather prophet is just a long range fake weather guesser, the legitimate partner of the wrinkled old hag who seeks to tell your fortune for a quarter.

The law of natural selection never produces such monstrosities as are noted when man in his ignorance seeks to make violent crosses and improve on nature's work.

A Missouri farmer is keeping, and keeping well, four cows and 75 hogs on a four acre patch of alfalfa at a time when all other grasses are burned up with the drought.

We had the pleasure of seeing a live Cuban owl the other day, a dainty, mottled, fawn colored bird, with a cowl and hood on it like some Benedictine monk of old.

The old Biblical injunction not to muzzle the ox which trod out the grain on the thrashing floor should not be used to compel a farmer to keep and feed a driving horse for his hired man.

The state of Wisconsin has appropriated the sum of $1,000 for the special benefit of the Swiss cheese industry of that state, which goes to prove that the stronger a thing is the more help it can command.

The discontinuance of the many little country postoffices as a result of the introduction of the rural mail service is causing some criticisms of the new service by the ousted postmasters which would not look well in print.

No manufacturer could today compete for business in his line if his machinery and appliances were as antiquated and unproductive as is the common 125 pound cow so much in evidence in nearly all our dairy herds.

The strawberry and the June roses have been having their innings the past two weeks, and have held chief places in both fruit and floral display. They come together and pass away at the same time, abiding too short a stay.

The bacon hog is the product of the woods—acorns, beech mast, nuts, roots and grubs, food collected over a wide area of territory—or he may be developed where grow peas, rye, barley and potatoes, but not where corn is a standard stock food.

The patriot who uses a wide tired wagon when he hauls loads upon the public highway is deserving of a much better obituary notice when he dies than his neighbor who cut up the highways with his narrow tires as fast as they could be put in repair.

The innate cussedness of lots of road supervisors is manifest in the large amount of road grading they will do, piling the sods in the center of the highway and then going off and letting the public smooth the road down with wagon wheels and profanity.

Additional testimony comes from several sources that it is only the female or seed bearing box elder tree which is infested with the box elder bug. This fact seems so well proved that the removal of the seed bearing trees alone will probably remedy this nuisance.

At 10 cents per quart, which has been the market price, it would have taken over $20 to have supplied the writer's family with the strawberries we have picked and used from our own bed this season. Then, there was the satisfaction of raising them, which was worth something.

A man should be very careful not only of himself, but of his horse, when the mercury touches the 100 degrees notch. Under such a temperature if the horse ceases to sweat he needs looking after. It is well to remember that the horse cannot stand heat any better than a man.

You may think that you have got on to the secret of controlling sex in the breeding of your domestic animals, but you have not, and no man ever will. To give to man this power would be as disastrous as it would be to give him the power to regulate the weather and the rainfall.

Complaints are being made that the rural mail carriers, being permitted to act as the agents of the big department stores of the cities, are working up a large business for such houses to the detriment of the local merchants, and an effort will be made to confine the carrier to the carrying of the mail.

To show that the government means business in the matter of rural mail delivery and good roads, we note that some routes have been discontinued for the reason that the roads were allowed to become impassable. It is easy to imagine that the road work will have proper attention in these localities hereafter.

We noticed a field of rape the other day containing about three acres, into which had been turned 40 shotes and about 30 sheep. The rape was 18 inches high and compared with the burned up pasture lot adjoining it seemed as if both hogs and sheep had truck a very soft snap. Why not more of just such fields?

Quail are increasing very rapidly all over the west. Legislation which protects these birds and the determined stand taken by so many farmers not to have them shot at any season have much to do with this increase. There is no more valuable bird on the farm than the quail, as he is all the year round weed seed eater and insect destroyer.

The southeastern fourth of the state of Iowa has largely substituted barley for oats as a rotation crop in connection with clover and corn. It is found that barley is less liable to blight, ripens earlier, is a far better crop to seed down with and where a crop of 35 or 40 bushels can be grown is every way a more satisfactory crop than oats.

Forty years ago his father worked 14 hours a day in the Alabama cotton fields and got for his labor a ration of bacon, corn pone and, like enough, a good thrashing. We asked this man's son last week as he was tending a mason how much he earned and was told that he got $1.75 per day for eight hours' work. This son of Ham has no kick coming.

We note one curious fact this season—the birds will not touch the fruit of the Bessarabian cherry. While they have taken every cherry they could reach on other varieties in our orchard, they have let the Bessarabians entirely alone, and this is not because it is a cherry of poor quality, being fully equal to the Richmond or Morello in this respect.

Not one person in a thousand knew of the existence of such a hideous insect as the now well known electric light beetle until electric lights came into general use. Now so plentiful and common have these bugs become that recently it was necessary to remove them by the bushel from beneath the arc lights on one of the bridges in a western city.

A friend writes inquiring how to get rid of sorrel from a field which became infected as the result of sowing impure clover seed. If such field were summer fallowed, giving it, say, three or four plowings or diskings between the middle of June and the middle of September, or, if plowed in June and sowed to rape or sorghum, it would finish up the sorrel.

The high cost of the modern thrashing machine has proved a good thing for many a young man, and older one, too, for that matter, in that it proves a barrier to their going into the thrashing machine business. As between a thrasher and ten drinks of whisky a day, the average man will keep his farm longer with the whisky than he will with the machine.

There is always some raw granger going to Chicago with stock from Iowa, Kansas or Nebraska, who persists in either blowing out the gas at his hotel or else goes out after dark to see the city, in which case he might just about as well have staid at his hotel and blown out the gas. This sort should sell their stock and get out of town before the sun goes down.

While the marked rise in value of all farm lands during the past two years has made the holding of such land very profitable regardless of how the farm may have been worked, this condition will not continue, and in the future what money is made from the farm will have to be made from the cultivation of the land and not from the advance in value of the land.

When the Lord wanted to plague and punish the Egyptians, he sent small things in vast numbers to do it—the plagues of lice, of flies, of frogs—and just so today the farmer's worst enemies are the periodical raids of small things in countless multitudes—chinch bugs, grasshoppers, the Hessian fly, potato bugs and all the numberless species of crawling, biting, sucking and stinging things which in a few short hours fall upon him just as they did upon the Egyptians of old, and blast and wither his crop.

While a little late to be of use for this season's cherry crop, we give the following plan for keeping the birds away, sent us by a lady reader of these notes: Tie long strips of newspaper, say a foot wide and the length of the paper, near the end with strong twine and fasten a number of them to the outer twigs of the tree. The birds are afraid of this arrangement and will let the cherries alone. Our friend says that she has saved her crop of cherries for several years in this manner. **This can be remembered for use next season.**

SELECTING A HOME.

In the matter of deciding where to select a farm and make a home there are a few things which should have careful consideration. Among these are climate, rainfall, length of growing season, quality of soil, present and prospective markets, general character of the settlers as to nationality, religion and politics. Many men go it blind as to all these things in choosing a location, only later on to realize that they have made a bad mistake. Tempted by the low price of the land and the specious representations of railway literature and land agents, scores of men are this season buying farms in the semiarid belt, only to realize later on that while they have the most fertile soil on earth the deficient rainfall and the hot winds will persistently and uniformly paralyze their best efforts. Others similarly tempted will locate in the south country, where the rainfall is ample, but the soil so sterile that a crop is only possible when the value of it is expended in artificial fertilizers to produce it. Now, here are a few rules which it will pay to heed in selecting a farm: Where clover, corn and grass will grow and do well year after year, there the questions of fertility, rainfall and climate may be said to be all right for the pursuit of a diversified agriculture, for where these will grow there will stock of all kinds thrive, and where stock can be well kept there will follow prosperity.

WHAT IS AND WHAT MIGHT BE.

An entirely possible crop of corn within the limits of the corn belt is 75 bushels per acre, or double what the average crop is in any of the corn growing states. Such a crop is not possible on land which is corned every year or just rotated with other cereal crops. It will naturally come as a crop once in four years where it follows a clover sod turned over the previous fall. It will involve a selected seed, thorough preparation of the soil and careful cultivation and will depend upon sufficient moisture at the earing period. There will be no weeds in this field, no patches worked out by gophers, and it must average two stalks in a hill. It is more likely to come from seed planted the 25th of May than from seed planted a month earlier. It will be given but one deep cultivation, and that the second time through. All subsequent cultivation will be shallow.

WHY?

We spent several hours in a dense and heavy tract of timber not long since and were surprised to note how very few birds it contained, while the groves around the adjacent farmhouses and all through the gardens and orchards of the country town nearby the robin, jays, brown thrashers, wrens, orioles, grosbeaks, doves, catbirds and woodpeckers fairly swarmed. The big woods were silent, while the groves and orchards were full of bird melody. An owl, a pair of hawks, a vireo and a solitary wood thrush were the only tenants of the big woods. Is it because the birds find they are safer in the vicinity of man, or that they find a better supply of food? Or may they not be moved by the same impulse which attracts people from the country to the city? We cannot tell.

We watched a few days since a cock sparrow tussling away with a sprangly weed stalk which he had found in his effort to so arrange it that he could fly away with it to the nest under the eaves of the barn. He could not get it in right shape somehow, and after making numerous efforts he was going to abandon his job. Just then down flew the hen sparrow, and the first thing she did was to light into her lord and master and give him a good mauling. After driving him off she seized the weed, gave it a shake or two and carried it off triumphantly to the nest. We have seen things very like this among married folks.

If you have 12 cows, it will pay to look up the farm separator proposition. In doing it, however, regard must be had as to the disposal of your cream. If one of the members of a co-operative creamery working under the creamery separator plan, it may be best to let the farm separator alone until such time as it can be generally used by the patrons of such creamery. But if you are selling cream to a gathered cream creamery, or make your own butter, or supply milk and cream for town customers, there is not the least doubt as to the economy of the farm separator even if you have not more than 12 cows.

There is much community of interest among nearly all birds. The other day, seeking to place a young blue jay just out of the nest where some prowling house cat could not get it, its cries quickly brought 15 or 20 jays to its rescue, and they were all full of fight, but it may be noted that this bond of sympathy is confined exclusively to the variety of bird which may be in danger, other kinds seeming to care nothing about the trouble.

The one bird which has far more than paid his way in our orchard this season is the catbird. Morning and night when he was courting, when he got to housekeeping, and long after his family was gone, has he sung his arias. The robins have been intermittent, the orioles only players at a one night stand, but the catbird has been always ready to sing, like the soprano in a village choir.

A nice girl may teach school for four or five years, but after that she will grow older faster as a teacher than she would as a wife and a mother.

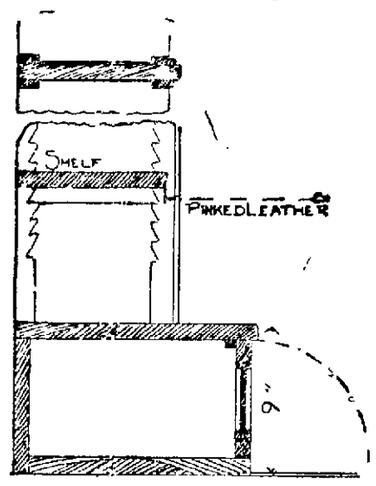
Jno Trigg

HOUSEHOLD ADJUNCTS.

Some Instructions For Building Bookcases and China Closets.

People are for the most part attracted to a house by the conveniences and the attractive detail. One may arrange a building ever so well and fail in its general conveniences through a disregard of the little things which have to do with the completeness of that building. For instance, in the matter of bookcases, in describing house plans, we speak of stationary bookshelves.

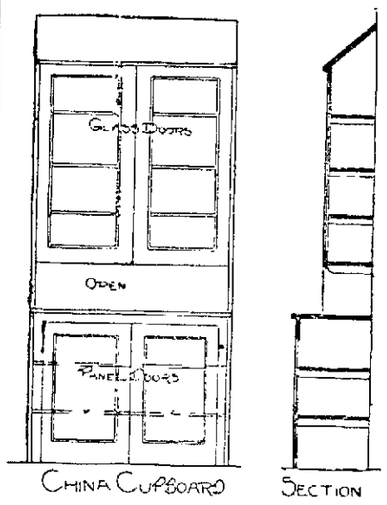
Here is a detail drawing which shows how a bookshelf may be constructed at a relatively small cost—say $1.25 per foot for shelves 5½ feet high. The lower parts of the shelves indicate doors, which are hinged at the bottom and which open down to the floor. This gives a very



BOOKCASE.

good place for storing unbound magazines, paper backed books, prints, newspapers and other material of like character which does not make a satisfactory appearance on the shelves. The section of the shelves shows a ratchet strip on which the shelves themselves may rest—that is, the shelves may be adjusted to any height.

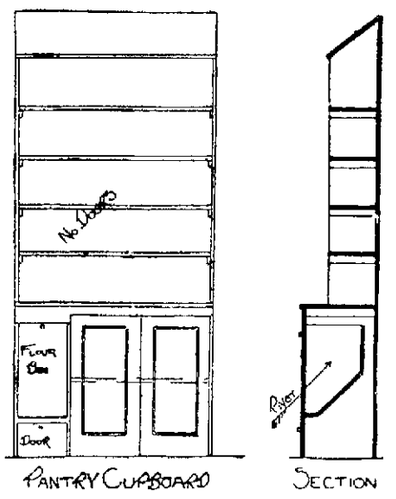
The plan shows a piece of pinked leather nailed to the front section of the shelf. This in a measure prevents the dust from getting back over the tops of the books. One interesting feature about shelves constructed in this way is that the books are always accessible. There is no glass or lock and key between the books and the user. There are really very few books which need to be protected in this way. Bookshelves of this character can be fitted into any room. Four and a half feet is as long as shelves should be made without support. In height they may be continued indefinitely. Shelves of this



character are not elaborate in any respect. The nicest thing about a bookcase is the books.

In connection with plans which I have prepared great stress has always been laid on the china room, china closet and pantry arrangement, but these details would largely fail of giving proper satisfaction to the housekeeper if not carried out in the proper manner. The china cupboard here shown indicates what the writer usually has in mind when he speaks of "paneled doors below and glass doors above." Doors two sections in width are common when the cupboard does not exceed five feet in width. A greater width would make the doors clumsy, and when width is added beyond this there should be a larger number of doors. Eight feet to the top of the door is high enough under any circumstances. When this cupboard is built into a passage or room, the top should be slanted, as is shown, so that it can be readily cleaned and so that nothing can be put upon it.

The open space between the paneled doors below and the glass doors above is



important. One can set a tray of dishes upon the table top, which comes over the paneled doors, and open the glass doors above it. This is a convenient arrangement which facilitates the use of the cupboard. Cup hooks may be placed on the undersides of the second and third shelves and thus add to the attractiveness and capacity of the cupboard.

The pantry cupboard is somewhat simpler than the china closet. No doors are required above. However, the paneled doors and flour bin are indicated below. The upper shelves may be best occupied by tin receptacles and articles, which may be more readily reached without the use of the door. The paneled doors below afford enough space to inclose such utensils as one would wish to conceal in this way. The flour bin is usually pivoted at the point indicated by the arrow, though it may be constructed by using a hinge below. In larger pantries it is not unusual to provide two or three smaller bins of this same general character. The advantage about a bin of this kind is that it closes itself and for that reason is always well out of the way. In a well arranged pantry there should be a space **for a refrigerator and kneading board.**

Going South?

If so, you secure many advantages by going via Cincinnati, the Queen & Crescent Route and Southern Ry. Its fast trains penetrate every part of the Central South. 24 hour schedule Cincinnati to Jacksonville and New Orleans. 9 hours to Chattanooga. 23 hours to Shreveport. 36 hours to Port Tampa. Observation, parlor and cafe cars—free reclining chairs—Through Pullmans to all important Southern cities.

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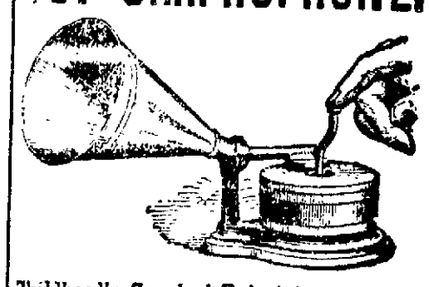

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UNION LABEL TYPOGRAPHICAL MASSILLON, No. 239

THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1901.

"Some people seem to think that the only object in life is to make money."—Youngstown Vindicator.

And some people to whom money making is no object at all seem to think they are virtuous. They take a lot of comfort too in telling other people how to spend the money which they don't make themselves because of a lack of brains or sense of responsibility.

Even should they sustain a loss of 500,000,000 bushels of corn, worth half that amount in dollars, the farmers of the country will still have higher prices than heretofore for this year's products, which together with the gains of the past few years will make them as much a factor in the consumption of manufactured articles and supplies generally as they were last year or the year before. Damage to one crop cannot constitute a national calamity.

Seeking to glorify the American self-made man, a writer in the August Atlantic Monthly refers to Judge William R. Day as an "almost unknown lawyer from an insignificant city" who "promptly justified his appointment at the head of the state department." The "unknown lawyer" clause is not so bad. We were not all of us well known from the start. Christopher Columbus was once an almost unknown woolcomber of Genoa, and George Washington was an obscure Virginia planter. But "insignificant Canton!" This is too much.

A dispatch from Des Moines, Ia., reports that from the statement issued by the Iowa state auditor giving a report of the condition of the state and savings banks it appears that there has been an increase in the bank deposits of the state of $14,493,931. The total amount on deposit in the state and savings banks is $112,465,254; during the last year the increase in the amount of deposits has been over $21,000,000 and twenty-four new banks have begun to transact business. Printed articles holding forth on the disastrous results sure to follow the workings of the policy of protection won't find many interested readers in Iowa.

In spite of the obscurity in which the late Dowager Empress of Germany has lived for the past several years she has evidently lost nothing of the love and respectful admiration of the English people, and although her own son, now emperor of Germany, his counselors and his subjects have never been in harmony with her views they nevertheless retain a just conception of her strength of character, and mind. The Empress Frederick has been declared to have been the most clever and tactful of Victoria's children. Had her husband Frederick II lived and ruled the German empire for twenty years, instead of three months, her name would have gone down in history as something more than that of the mother of Kaiser Wilhelm II.

The "convention" of Bryan Democrats may have been a "small and early" affair, but as Chairman Groot said, the friends of free silver in Ohio are not blessed with this world's goods in a marked degree and they could not afford to attend a conference of this character. The probabilities are that the extent of the bolt cannot be measured by the attendance at the Columbus meeting. The Democratic enemies of the Progressive Democratic party in Ohio, who are trying to crow down a movement the principles of which they were enthusiastically defending only a year ago, had better hold their peace. Their sarcastic comments will only serve to demonstrate their stupendous inconsistency and will save none of the several thousand votes which are already lost to the regular Democratic organization.

Senator Benjamin Tillman's impassioned utterances on the race question at Marinette, Wis., on Sunday night, were not calculated to impress the listener of average intelligence with the senator's devotion to law and order. He told his audience that "niggers" are unfit to vote, admitted that they were suppressed in South Carolina by shotguns and asserted that the same thing will be done again if necessary. Incidentally he defended the lynching of negroes After endeavoring to impress his listeners with the fact that the black man is unfit to partake of the privileges and benefits of American free government, Senator Tillman proceeded to condemn Booker Washington's scheme of educating him and making him an intelligent workman and citizen. It is rather difficult to judge from all this just what the gentleman from South Carolina would "be at." He thinks the Southern negroes are "scalawags" and "scoundrels" because they are ignorant, yet he discourages the work of educating them because negro education is "something that will intensify race hatred." Fortunately for the negro, in the South and country generally men of Senator Tillman's views are in the minority. Were it not so, the very conditions for which he holds negro education responsible would have long since become so intolerable that beside them existing race problems would sink into utter insignificance.

THE NEW ZEALAND LAW.

Existing labor troubles render extremely interesting at this time a recent article of Perley A. Stone, of Boston, on the subject of "Compulsory Arbitration, a Solution of the Labor Problem." An exhaustive study of the labor laws as they are applied in New Zealand, as well as relative statutes in Massachusetts, administered by her state board of conciliation and arbitration, has led the writer to the conviction that a combination of these two would result beneficially to the whole country. He truly says that "we Americans are disgraced before the eyes of the civilized world by the sacrifice of life, the wanton destruction of property, the insults to womanhood and the vicious appeal to mob rule, apparent in the labor riots at New York, Brooklyn, Albany, Buffalo, Homestead, Cleveland, Chicago and St. Louis.

Under the New Zealand law, it appears that such a record would have been impossible. In the five years since its adoption strikes and lockouts in New Zealand have been unknown. The law does not interfere with the right of labor and capital to settle disputes by private arbitration, if they wish so to do. On the contrary, it supplies forms for procedure in such cases and provides for the enforcement of the awards if the parties agree in advance that this shall be done. There are two kinds of tribunals—Boards of Conciliation and a Court of Arbitration—and in both the employers and workmen are equally represented by the men of their choice.

"The compulsion of the law is that if one party desires to arbitrate, instead of fighting, the other party must not fight, but arbitrate instead. The moment either side with a grievance, or any apprehension of a strike or a lockout summons the other before the board or court it becomes an offense punishable with a fine of $50 for a workman to stop work and a fine of $2,500 for a manufacturer to shut down. Both must keep on until a final decision is rendered."

It is apparent, as Mr. Stone says, that through the workings of such a law the interests of capital and labor would be identical. Nothing would harm the one without bringing distress to the other, and whatever would tend to the permanent advancement of the one along all right lines would necessarily build up and strengthen the other's interests.

Hundred Year Clubs

Are becoming numerous. The idea is to promote longevity. It is interesting to note, that the means through which long life is to be obtained, is food and the stomach. Long life and good health are not possible unless the stomach does its work properly. There is a way to make it, if it does not. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an ideal strength restorer. If you would be cured of dyspepsia, indigestion, belching, constipation, insomnia, nervousness, biliousness, try the Bitters. Everybody should try it to help nature rid the blood of all impurities. It possesses valuable curative properties, and as a specific for malaria, fever and ague, it is unequalled. Don't fail to give it a trial, but be sure you get the genuine.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, August 6, 1901:

LADIES.

Douns, Mrs. Ed — Gueen, Lillian C.
Murray, Mrs. Lizzie E

MEN.

Bartholomew, H. P. — Smith, Sylvester B.
Cox, Edwin B — Sowe, Patiser
Evans, Chas. — Young, John B.
Norris, Warner

FOREIGN.

Anzlovar, Jose — Felippo, Phe.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised

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Open Every Saturday Night

from 7 to 8 o'clock for the accommodation of those who wish to open a savings account and who do not find it convenient to come to our bank during usual hours. We pay 4 per cent. interest on deposits. Send for our booklet, all about banking by mail or in person—free. PRUDENTIAL TRUST COMPANY, 6124 Penn Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

An Indication of Nervous Trouble.

A headache is simply an indication that some part of the body is deranged, usually the stomach or nervous system. Clinic Headache Wafers cure by relieving those conditions. Never fail. Try them and be convinced. 10 cents at all druggists. They are absolutely harmless. Don't accept a substitute.

$25 00 Colorado and Return

Chicago & Northwestern Ry., $10.35 St. Paul, Minneapolis and return, $14.35 Duluth, Superior and return, $25.00 Hot Springs, S. D. and return, $40 00 Utah and return from Chicago, August 1-10, $50.00 Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and return, September 19-27 Quickest time. Service unequalled. Apply to your nearest ticket agent for tickets and full information or address D. W. Aldridge, 234 Superior street, Cleveland, O.

When in doubt as to which is the best way to get new business, use the advertising columns of THE EVENING INDEPENDENT.

STARVED TO DEATH

Awful Fate of Canton Man in Alaska.

PART OF BODY COOKED

Workmen Discharged Because They Would Not Work on Sunday, and Their Places Filled by Italians—Electric Railway Company Begins Appropriation Proceedings.

CANTON, Aug. 6.—An associated Press dispatch from Port Townsend, Wash., conveys the information that George Dean, of this city, died of starvation in Alaska. He with two companions, Jack Houston and Joseph Thiery, on June 7, started for Nome by way of Agupiak river. Before they reached Teller river provisions gave out and they were compelled to eat grass, birds, eggs and anything else they could find. After forty-three days of great hardship, Dean died. Added to the story of starvation is a horrible tale that in their desperation Houston and Thiery severed the thigh of their dead companion from his body and were cooking it when help arrived and saved them from canibalism. Mr. Dean's wife and three children reside at the corner of Lafayette and Hane streets, in this city, and in an interview in a local paper Mrs. Dean said: "My husband left for Alaska a year ago with a party of twenty-one Pittsburgers, who were sent there by a Pittsburg dredging company. They were wrecked off the coast of Nome and all returned home with the exception of four among whom was my husband. When he wrote he said he was to go north in January. He was a member of Hiram lodge of Masons and the Sons of St. George. He was born in London and was 54 years of age. He worked at the Berger plant until a year ago when he went to Pittsburg where he joined his party."

Six men employed by the Canton Fertilizer and Chemical Company were discharged Monday morning, because they refused to work on Sunday. The men claimed they had worked seventy hours last week, and were entitled to a day's rest, but were told to work on Sunday or lose their situations. Their places were filled by Italians, two of whom have already left. The old men will not return to work unless they receive an advance in wages and a satisfactory agreement as to the hours of labor.

Appropriation proceedings were begun in probate court on Monday by the Canton, Akron & Massillon Electric Railway Company, against Levi Kaufman, guardian of Henry C. Rudy, jr., and Ella C. Rudy. The land involved lies in Jackson township, the defendants refusing to grant the plaintiff company a right of way for the construction of their line.

An order to appraise and to investigate proposed improvements has been issued, and an amended petition filed, in the guardianship of Louisa Winold, of Massillon.

An order of appraisement and sale has been issued in the estate of Anna Jones, of Lawrence township.

A marriage license has been granted to Elroy V. Bishop and Florence Gardner, of Massillon.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Nine-Year-Old Boy Dies of Lockjaw Sunday Morning.

CANTON, Aug. 5.—George Wilson Allman, only child of B. F. Allman, died at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Brown, in Perry township, Sunday morning, at 8 o'clock. He went to his grandparents' home to spend his vacation and while there stepped on a nail. Soon after he was taken ill, and on last Friday lockjaw set in. Everything possible was done for him but with no avail. He was 9 years of age. Funeral services will be held at the home of his parents Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Final account has been filed in the estate of John Poorman, of Tuscarawas township.

In the estate of John Hintz, of Massillon, citation to widow and heirs to take or renounce administration ordered.

Sale of real estate has been confirmed and deed ordered in the estate of Harrison Hodgson, of Massillon.

Nathan E. Moffit has been appointed administrator of the estate of Caroline Gaddis, of Tuscarawas township.

A WITNESS FOUND.

Advertised in The Independent, the Man Promptly Turns Up.

The request for information regarding the whereabouts of J Wellington Leonard, who is wanted as a witness in a pension case, is fully answered by the following letter to THE INDEPENDENT, the writer being the city editor of the Daily Shield at Mansfield.

"I noticed in THE INDEPENDENT that J. Wellington Leonard was wanted as a witness in a pension case. I think a mistake has been made in the name of the place. I suppose that I am the man wanted and will only be too glad to be of service in assisting, if in my power, any comrade to secure a pension, who served in Battery H, First Ohio Volunteer Light Infantry, of Columbus.

"J. W. LEONARD."

Mansfield, O., Aug. 3.

What most people want is something mild and gentle when in need of a physic. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets fill the bill to a dot. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. For sale by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

THROWN FROM A HORSE.

Howard Yost Strikes His Head on a Curb Stone.

Howard Yost, the fifteen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Yost, of East Main street, was thrown from a horse at the intersection of East Oak and East streets, on Saturday afternoon. The lad's head struck on a curbstone with great force, cutting a deep gash and rendering him unconscious. Dr. T. J. Reed, who was summoned, found bruises innumerable about the shoulders, in addition to the above injury, but no bones were broken. The boy was carrying a set of harness at the time of the accident, and the latter, dragging on the ground, frightened the horse, causing the accident. His condition is much improved today.

A CAMP MEETING.

Colored People to Have a Rousing Revival.

THE CHURCH IS GROWING.

The Rev. Jane Guinn, Who, When She Came to the City, Sometimes Delivered Her Sermons to a Congregation of One, Now Addresses Hundreds—Conference Next Month.

The members of the African Methodist Zion church contemplate holding a camp meeting in this vicinity next month. Among the colored men who recently came here to enter the employ of the Massillon Iron and Steel Company are at least a score of excellent singers, and it is believed that they could be interested in the meeting.

The Rev. Jane Guinn, pastor of the church, will attend the conference to be held in September in Allegheny, and upon her return the plans for the meeting will be completed.

The membership of Zion church is steadily increasing. Sunday evening services were attended by a large congregation. Mrs. Guinn's text was "What Think Ye of Jesus?" The choir was augmented by several new members.

"I rejoice at the revival of interest on the part of our people," said Mrs. Guinn, Monday. "When I came to this city the membership had dwindled to a very small number. I remember on one occasion I preached to a congregation consisting of one man. Now, however, we have a large Sabbath school, and all the other services are well attended. Mrs. Guinn recently returned from Franklin, Pa., where she attended a meeting of the Sunday school association.

NUGGETS TELL THE TALE.

Ed. Christman Home from Idaho with Gold of His Own Digging.

Edward Christman, of Albright street, this city, who has spent the past three months in Idaho and Wyoming, returned to Massillon Monday evening, and will remain here for a week. Mr. Christman went West to erect drilling machinery for the Cyclone Drilling Machinery Company, of Orrville. After finishing his work, he took up several claims on the Boise river, and he comes with a genuine nugget in his necktie and several about his pockets, all of the kind of stuff he has found in his diggings.

"The West is the country for the young man," remarked Mr. Christman, "but of course you've got to rough it. You can't go there and get rich viewing the country. You've got to work, but work will bring rich returns."

EXCAVATING A STREET.

Mayor Ordered C.-M. E. Company to Stop and It Stopped.

True to his promise Mayor Wise, on Tuesday morning, ordered the men lowering the tracks of the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company, at the Russell & Company bridge, to quit work. They quit. The council claims the grade of the street is being changed by the operations. The solicitor and clerk are investigating.

Astounded the Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from Dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters, which helped her at once, and, after using four bottles, she is entirely well, can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c, at Z. T. Baltzly's.

To Save Her Child

From frightful disfigurement Mrs. Nannie Galleger, of La Grange, Ga., applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and face, and writes its quick cure exceeded all her hopes. It works wonders in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds and Piles. 25c. Cure guaranteed by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist.

Their Secret is Out.

All Sadieville, Ky., was curious to learn the cause of the vast improvement in the health of Mrs. S. P. Whittaker, who had for a long time endured untold suffering from a chronic bronchial trouble. "It's all due to Dr. King's New Discovery," writes her husband. "It completely cured her and also cured our little granddaughter of a severe attack of whooping cough." It positively cures coughs, colds, la grippe, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

IT is significant that in homes of wealth where the very best is demanded, Ivory Soap is used in the nursery. At the same time, in hundreds of families where economy decides the choice, Ivory Soap is selected. Thus its purity attracts the rich; its economy attracts the poor. High quality and low cost: is there any better combination?

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SHIRTS AND SKIRTS

And Overalls, Too, Will This Company Make.

CAPITALIZED AT $50,000.

The Newly Organized Dielhenn Manufacturing Company Has Leased the Doxsee Building, and the Machinery Will be Installed Immediately—Operations to be Commenced On or About August 15—Concern to Have a Cleveland Office.

The Dielhenn Manufacturing Company, capitalized at $50,000, makers of men's working shirts, overalls and ladies' skirts, has been organized with W. Alfred Dielhenn, president; Clarence A. Dielhenn, Cleveland, vice president, and Harry F. Dielhenn, secretary and treasurer. These officers, with Henry C. Dielhenn and John J. Dielhenn, constitute the board of directors, and are the incorporators as well. The charter from the secretary of state arrived on Monday.

The company has leased the four-story Doxsee building, at the corner of Factory and Charles streets, and will take possession August 15. W. A. Dielhenn states that between 30 and 35 persons will be employed at the beginning. Increases are to be made as the business of the concern grows. J. L. Howenstein, of Youngstown, an expert in work of this kind, will have charge of the plant. The company will have a branch office in Cleveland, Clarence A. Dielhenn being in charge.

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS.

Famous Tennessee Jubilee Singers at County Fair.

Secretary Lehman, of the Stark County Agricultural society has closed a contract with Clayton's Tennesseans, a double quartet of rollicking negro singers, to be present night and day during the fair. They will sing all the popular negro melodies and many new selections. In addition they will do cake walks and dances. These performances will be held each day and at the night exhibitions of the fair. The Stark county fair will be held September 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6. There will be one more day and one more night exhibition than there was last year. The management is making every effort to land attractions and has succeeded in doing so. Dubec's trained animal show will give free exhibitions day and night. It consists of dogs, monkeys, cats, rats, etc., that perform wonderful feats. This will be a great attraction for the children as well as the elders. The racing events have been so arranged that they will attract large fields of entries and the good purses offered will bring a good class of horses. The special attractions will be sandwiched between the heats each afternoon. It is aimed to make this the best fair ever held in the county. The double track on the street car line will be of especial advantage to the public in reaching and returning from the fair and the street car company will put on special service cars to take care of the trade. Every indication points to a good fair and people all over the county should arrange to attend.

It Saved His Baby.

"My baby was terribly sick with the diarrhoea, we were unable to cure him with the doctor's assistance, and as a last resort we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mr. J. H. Doak, of Williams, Ore. "I am happy to say it gave immediate relief and a complete cure." For sale by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

STRIKE IS SPREADING.

Four Hundred Added to San Francisco Strikers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 7.—The only development of importance in the labor situation today, so far as the tension of the strike is concerned, was the walk out of more than four hundred union boxmakers, who had been employed at the various box factories of the city. The men assert they were so often urged to sign an agreement which meant their resignation from the union that they decided no longer to brook the menacing attitude of their employers and to join the forces of the idle. Mayor Phelan declares that, as far as he is concerned, peace negotiations are at an end, he having done all that he could to bring about a conference.

Today the sand teamsters, some five hundred in number, will refuse to go to work, having been ordered out. This will tend to cripple the building industry of the city, as material cannot then be hauled.

FORTY MINUTES.

Short Time Required to Convict a Negro.

ATLANTA, Aug. 7.—Guarded by three companies of state militia, Raymond Ross, a negro, charged with assaulting Mrs. Miller, was tried at Canton, Ga., by a special session of court. The trial consumed only forty minutes. The negro was sentenced to be hanged August 27. Ross was brought back to this city by the troops.

A TERRIBLE CRIME.

Young Girl Murdered and Body Thrown Into River.

WHEELING, Aug. 7.—John Cline and Clayton Rodgers were arrested here today, charged with murdering May Yost, aged 17. The men, it is claimed, took the girl from her escort, Sunday night, assaulted and murdered her and then threw her body into the Ohio river.

RAIN IN WEST VIRGINIA.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Aug. 7.—A twenty foot rise is expected in the Kanawha river, which is coming up rapidly. It will be sufficient to move one hundred and twenty-five barges of coal lying at the mouth of the Kanawha.

What a Tale It Tells.

If that mirror of yours shows a wretched, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble; but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25c at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

GREATER AND GRANDER

Than Ever will be the Twenty-first West Virginia State Fair, at Wheeling.

This has been a year of big events in Wheeling. The old town is waking up, and has and is demonstrating her ability to amuse, entertain and instruct the people of the surrounding country, within one hundred or one hundred and fifty miles. Some big things have taken place during the present summer, and others are to come, and among them, and the greatest of all, will be the twenty-first exhibition of the West Virginia state fair on Wheeling Island. The dates are September 9th to 13th, inclusive, and the most extraordinary preparations have been made by the management, for not only day, but night attractions, the grounds to be brilliantly illuminated by electric lights after dark, with everything in full blast, including racing. We advise all who can to attend.

The St. John's Sunday school will hold their annual picnic at Meyer's lake Tuesday, Aug. 13. Cars leave square at 8:06 and returning leave lake at 6. Fare 10c and 15c.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Maier, a daughter.

S. Higerd celebrated his fifty-second birthday on Sunday.

Councilman Peter Smith is seeing the Pan-American exposition.

Miss Bessie Slusser left Sunday for a visit with friends at Buffalo.

Mrs. Bert J. Graybill is visiting relatives at New Cumberland, O,

A party of New Berlin citizens visited Massillon Sunday, the guests of Daniel Naumann,

Edgar Hughes, of East Greenville, has taken a position as brakeman in the local yards of the C., L. & W.

Dr. and Mrs. H. B. Garrigues have returned from the East. They visited Atlantic City, Clayton, New York and other places.

The Misses Anna Austin and Elizabeth Miller are visiting in Cleveland. From that city they will go to Detroit, returning in a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Price J. Hughes, who have spent the past three months visiting their old home in England, returned to the city on Saturday afternoon.

The Misses Pearl Kittinger and Lottie Brenner, of East Greenville, returned home on Saturday from a week's visit with relatives and friends in Akron.

Mrs. Charles E. Archer and the Misses Jennie Archer, Clara Miller, Mary Miller, Bertha Kerstetter and Miss Yost left on Tuesday morning for Chautauqua.

Miss Maud E. Smith had her hand badly burned and bruised while performing her duties at a Salem laundry this week, and is at present at her home in this city.

Mrs. Jennie Howells, Mrs. Rachel Fox, Miss May Fox and the Hon. Anthony Howells have gone to Buffalo. Mr. Howells will attend the meeting of the Ohio Mining Institute while there.

Cooper Chidester, of West Lebanon, is a guest at the home of his son, Charles Chidester, at 44 Henry street. Mr. Chidester, who is now 95 years old, is one of the oldest residents of Wayne county.

The Sunday school of St. John's church will hold its annual picnic at Meyer's lake on Tuesday, Aug. 13. Cars will leave at 8:06 a. m. Returning they will leave the lake at 6 p. m. The fare will be 10 and 15 cents.

A number of guests were entertained at the residence of George Paul, in the Hunt road, on Tuesday, in honor of Mrs. Tressie Ramsour, of Cleveland; Miss Lizzie Paul, of New York, and Miss Gertrude Foltz, of Chicago, who are visiting in the city.

Jacob Fischer celebrated his 80th birthday anniversary at his home, No. 30 Raspberry street, on Saturday evening. Among the twenty-five guests present were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Simmon and daughter, Mary; Mr and Mrs. Edward Simmon and daughter, Julia, and Miss M. Simmon, of Akron, O.

The molders of Massillon, Salem and Canton will picnic at Meyer's lake Saturday, August 17. The committee will meet next Sunday to make final arrangements. The Massillon members of the committee are William Brown, William McGlynchey, Peter Smith, John Longheier and Ora Brownsberger.

The Rev. O. P. Foust and family will leave Thursday for Loudonville, where they will remain a week. They expect to go thence to Pennsylvania, visiting various cities in the western part of the state. H. W. Foust, a divinity student at Heidelberg university, Tiffin, a brother of Pastor Foust, will fill the pulpit during the latter's absence.

David Cunningham, of this city, who has lately been living at Zoar, where he has saved the lives of divers venturesome bathers, has been presented with $150 and a new suit of clothes by the father of one small boy whom he rescued. Mr. Cunningham is this week attending picnics and visiting former associates. He is a brother of DeWitt Cunningham.

Following is the Ohio bulletin of the weather bureau's climate and crop service for the week ending Aug. 5: Only light showers in most districts and drought growing worse; corn much affected, except in northeast third of the state, some fields in southwest past help, others can not make half crop, chinch bugs still causing injury; oat yield disappointing; pastures and gardens poor; potatoes seriously affected and crop very light; tobacco making fair progress, topping begun; most fruits unfavorably affected; fall plowing begun.

Between 2,500 and 2,600 people from Massillon and vicinity are on a picnic at Cedar Point today, the guests of the Massillon Retail Grocers' Association. It was the largest crowd ever taken out of Massillon on an excursion train. The train consisted of three sections, altogether there being thirty-four coaches. The first section left at 5:30 o'clock. People from the suburbs and roundabout villages began to arrive at 4:30 o'clock, and when the first section pulled into the Wheeling & Lake Erie station there was a rush somewhat like that said to have taken place off in Oklahoma, the other day.

The Sandy Valley Press, published at Magnolia, says: "The conditions with regard to the smallpox in this section are greatly improved since our last issue. They were not bad at that time but are very much better now. No new cases have appeared and it is confidently believed that no more will appear. All the patients are now at the pest camp, nearly a mile east of town, and are getting along nicely with the best of care and none are at all dangerous. There are now no cases in the corporation or in any of the additions or suburbs, in fact none within nearly a mile of town. The general belief is that there will be no more. All who were possibly exposed in any way have been very carefully guarded and the climax has passed. A number of the towns and communities, which quarantined against us, have removed the same, and all ought to be removed."

SHOES WERE STOLEN.

Gate Tender Morgan Beaten by Mail Man—Other Police Notes.

It was reported to the police Tuesday that a box car on the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway had been broken into Sunday or Monday night, and three boxes of shoes, consigned to Hansen & Blaumeiser, stolen. Two of the boxes, with their contents intact, were found in a field near the yards.

MORGAN MUCH HURT.

Samuel Morgan, gate tender at the Main street W. & L. E. crossing, complained to the police Tuesday that a driver of a United States mail wagon, whose name he did not know, had assaulted him. He produced a much bruised face in proof thereof. "And he kicked off one of my legs, too," said Morgan.

"Kicked it off?" ejaculated the officer.

"Yes; you know mine are the artificial kind," explained the complainant. The marshal was instructed to investigate.

MARTIN THEIL DISCHARGED.

Martin Theil, arrested on an affidavit by the husband of Mrs. John Binder, who conducts a boarding house in George street, was discharged by Mayor Wise Monday afternoon. He found no evidence against Theil. Mrs. Binder and her four children refused to go with Binder, who came from Homestead, Pa., in search of them.

BIG SNAKE KILLED.

It Had Terrorized Wayne County People for Weeks.

A special from Loudonville to the Cleveland Plain Dealer says: "There has been great excitement among the residents east of town over the reports of a monster snake. Within the past two weeks a number of boys have rushed to town and breathlessly told of seeing or being chased by an enormous snake. Little or no attention was paid to these stories at first until two responsible men reported having seen the monster, which left a path as though a huge log had been dragged along. One man said it was surely twenty-five feet long. A big party of men and boys started out to find the reptile and located it in an abandoned barn, near Millbrook. The attack was made with shotguns and clubs and the snake was killed. It measured over twenty feet. It is supposed to have escaped from some circus, two having been in the vicinity this spring."

NOT PATIENT ABOUT PELF.

Mr. Reinoehl Tried to Hurry Mr. Killinger and was Arrested.

Charles Reinoehl, residing west of the city, has been fined two dollars and costs by Mayor Wise. Reinoehl pleaded guilty to a charge of assault, preferred by F. H. Killinger, local agent for the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company. Reinoehl worked one day for the company. He called upon Mr. Killinger to get his pay. Mr. Killinger did not produce the money quickly enough to suit Reinoehl, who thereupon used the means which made the assault.

INJURED AT BARBERTON.

George Pietzcker Sustained a Broken Leg and Other Hurts.

W. A. Pietzcker this morning went to Barberton, where his brother, George Pietzcker, lies in a serious condition. The latter, who is a stone contractor, recently had a leg fractured and was otherwise injured by being caught beneath a stone which some of his men were handling. The injured man was formerly a resident of this city.

OBITUARY NOTICE.

MARGARET SHEPHERD.

Margaret Shepherd, aged 53 years, unmarried, died Tuesday at the state hospital, where she was a patient, of tuberculosis. The body was Wednesday shipped to Lisbon.

VERY MUCH WANTED.

The Last Few Years Has Shown a Remarkable Increase of Sleeplessness—How to Overcome It.

Sleeplessness is one of the most prolific sources producing weak, nervous and restless condition. There is no sense in using opiates, they only undermine the constitution. Nothing has ever been known to perfectly control this condition until the advent of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. Their action is so gentle, and soothing, sweet refreshing sleep follows, then nature has a chance to build up

Mrs. L. Meuser, of No. 51 North East street, Massillon, O., says: "As a nerve tonic Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills I got at E. S. Craig's drug store, No. 9 South Erie street, are fine. Up to the time I used them my nerves were weak, I was restless, sleeping poorly and easily upset. The medicine, however, gave me sleep, strength, energy and steady nerves, and I am consequently well pleased with it."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c. a box at dealers or by Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Company, Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

Iron and Copper and Where They are Found

Fully and interestingly described in the illustrated booklet containing large indexed map, plainly indicating the region in which this valuable ore is found, now ready for distribution by the Chicago & Northwestern R'y. Copy will be mailed to any address upon receipt of two-cent stamp by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago.

Do you read the want columns daily?

ON FRONT AND MAIN

The C., A. & M. Wants to Build Its Line.

SECURING RIGHT OF WAY.

Representatives of the Concern Are Now at Work in Those Thoroughfares—Would Double Track Main Street—Will Make Application for a Franchise at the Next Meeting of the Council

The Canton, Akron & Massillon Electric Railway Company, blocked in its design to construct its lines over North street, is now endeavoring to secure the right of way over Front and Main streets. The company states that it will be necessary to build another track in Main street. Under the law, of course, it could use the track of the Canton-Massillon company, but it holds that good service could not be given with such an arrangement.

The plan to construct the line from the Charity schoolhouse south to Mill street, and enter the city on that thoroughfare, has been set aside by the company as impracticable. Such a route could be followed, it is explained, only at an enormous expense, much greater than the return would justify.

It is expected that representatives of company will appear before the council next Monday evening with an application for a franchise. Attorney Shields, of Canton, with persons connected with the company, has several times visited the city recently, and had conferences with councilmen and others.

R. M. Madole, of Ravenna, who is also a street railway man, has made some calls on city officials lately also. His proposed line would follow a route through Portage county thither.

NEARBY TOWN NOTES

SIXTEEN AFFAIRS.

SIXTEEN, Aug. 7.—A number of people of this vicinity have been attending camp-meeting which was held in Young's wood's.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Shilling and Henry Eckard and family visited the former's brother, Wilbert Shilling, of near West Lebanon, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Oberlin spent Sunday at William Miller's residence.

Messrs. James and John Steele, who have been visiting their cousin, Warren Erb, have returned to their home in Tiffin.

Misses Nellie and Dollie Oberlin, of Massillon, visited at Charles Oberlin's residence last week.

BEACH CITY NOTES.

BEACH CITY, Aug. 5.—The Weimer wood's meeting held last Sunday was not so well attended as in other years, owing to the excessive dust. Prof. Gilmore and the Rev. Ed. Weimer were the speakers. A good sized audience was present.

Three thousand dollars' worth of machinery will be put in the rubber factory next week.

Fred Nydegger, the pitcher for the Twin Cities, helped the Wooster team in two games against Painesville last week.

The Twin Cities went to West Lebanon last Saturday and lost the game by a score of 7 to 10. Crossland was in the box for the Twin Cities, and Rohn for West Lebanon. Our club goes to North Lawrence on the 10th inst.

Alf. Crites and family will move to Canton in a few weeks. Mr. Crites and sons are in Canton now erecting a dwelling for their own use. Sorry to lose such good citizens.

The Rev. Mr. Manning passed through town enroute to Canal Dover last Thursday evening.

Haman Agler will build a residence on Ray street this fall.

SIPPO ITEMS.

SIPPO, Aug. 6.—The new house and barn in course of construction by Diller Baker, near here, on land purchased from John Rohn, will soon be ready for occupancy. Thieves entered Mr. Baker's potato patch one night last week and dug up about half his crop.

Jacob Edwards is building a house on the land he recently purchased from Adam Miller.

FELL DOWN STAIRS.

MAYSVILLE, Aug. 6.—Frederick Graber, living a short distance west of town, fell down stairs Saturday night, breaking three ribs and sustaining numerous severe bruises. Dr. Graber, of Mt. Eaton, who has charge of the case, considers his patient as in a most critical condition.

UP AT LAWRENCE.

NORTH LAWRENCE, Aug. 7.—John Brown left on Thursday for Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Cleveland and Buffalo.

Mrs. William Higginbottom and Roy Cardwell left on Tuesday for Iowa, where Roy will join his aunt and go to Wyoming, where he will reside with his father, Robert Cardwell, formerly of this place

John Pollock is on the sick list.

Miss Bertha Scilcom spent Sunday in Massillon.

Mrs. Sadie Campbell, of Canton, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Jones.

The Howe Brothers, who have been holding shows in the school grounds, have gone to East Greenville.

The I. O. O. F. and Daughters of Rebekah of this place will picnic at Odell lake on Thursday, August 15.

The camp meetings at East Greenville seem to be a great attraction for some of our people.

Miss Mary Bell Roe, daughter of John Roe, broke her arm by falling down stairs on Thursday.

Some of the workmen of No. 4 mine have been laid off for a short time, owing to the putting in of an electric motor.

CAMPCREEK ITEMS.

CAMPCREEK, Aug. 7.—A picnic was held at Weimer's Hill, near Wilmot, last Sunday. It was very largely attended, many people from this vicinity being present.

The festival held at Justus Saturday night was largely attended. Excellent music was furnished by the Beach City band.

Church services were held at the Cross Roads church last Sunday morning at 10:30, the Rev. Mr. Adams officiating.

Singing at the Cross Roads last Sunday night was poorly attended, which was probably due in a measure to a Children's day celebration held at Pigeon Run.

J. C. Keller has commenced to remodel his house. The proposed design is attractive.

Mrs. Harvey Warstler visited friends at Stanwood last Monday.

DOINGS AT WILMOT.

WILMOT, Aug. 7.—Walter Hoopingarner, of Massillon, was in this village on Saturday.

Alcid Myers, of Shepherd, Mich., is visiting here.

C. Kilmer is recovering slowly from his recent injuries.

The Weimer woods meeting was not as largely attended Sunday as has been the case in some previous years, owing, no doubt, to the dusty condition of the roads.

The band concert one year ago was said to be "hard to beat." However, the boys expect to furnish something still better Saturday evening. Come and see.

There will be a picnic near the Trail schoolhouse on August 17, and one in the George Welty grove on the same date.

BOLIVAR NEWS.

BOLIVAR, Aug. 7.—Walter Shaeffer, Herbert H. Black and Frank Rennels were here from Canton over Sunday.

The bazar given by the Missionary Society of the M. E. church Saturday night was a decided success. Clarence Lappin was the recipient of the quilt which was given away.

James Hay and family spent Sunday with relatives at Navarre.

Miss Blanche Lash, of Canton, visited from Saturday till Monday with her parents.

Herbert Abel, Charles Burd and Mr. Jenner, of Massillon, attended services at the German Lutheran church Sunday.

The Misses Maude Rennels and Lotta Haglock left for Cleveland Tuesday.

Herbert Pfau was home from Wheeling over Sunday.

Mrs. Christine App, of Akron, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. B. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hawk are visiting relatives at Cleveland this week.

Mrs. John Dommer is visiting friends in Canton.

Miss Jessie Lowe, of Brilliant, has returned home, after a week's visit at the home of John Haglock.

Our band surprised the people somewhat by rendering a concert on the school lawn Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Case spent Sunday in Cleveland.

Miss Mary Manne was home from Canton over Sunday.

NEWMAN, Aug. 7.—Mrs. H. F. Stauffer, of Cleveland, was the guest of Mrs. Mary A. Williams during the past week.

Miss Anna Griffith returned home last week from Lake Side, where she spent part of her vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. John Rummins visited their daughter, Mrs. William Jones, at their new home, east of Massillon, last Sunday.

W. X. Baker lost a valuable horse last Wednesday night by colic. He has been compelled to purchase another one.

Mr. and Mrs. David C. Weidner, of Pauls, spent Sunday at the home of his mother, Mrs D. K Weidner.

C. H. Roderick, of Massillon, circulated among his many Newman friends and former associates last Sunday.

George Lister and his sister, Mrs. Coulter, drove to Salem last Saturday and spent Sunday with their parents, the Rev. and Mrs. James Lister.

John W. Ieres, of East Greenville, spent Sunday with friends in our village.

Mr. and Mrs. John Doubledee visited the John Schrock family, south of Navarre, last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. David McGee, of Canal Fulton, were guests of the Weidner family last Sunday.

Mrs. William G. Miller, of Beech Grove, started last Sunday morning for Johnstown, Pa., for an indefinite visit with relatives.

Wm. Findley and his aunt, Mrs. Archibald Findley, drove to Bently last Sunday and visited Mrs. Morris, who has been ill for the past year at the home of her daughter, Mrs. S. J. Evans. She is 80 years of age, and has been a resident of the "Hill" for seventy-six years, with the exception of the past few years she has lived with her daughter in Tuscarawas township.

We notice that Fred Dilcher, who has been the Ohio member of the national executive board of the United Mine Workers for the past five years, has tendered his resignation to accept a position with the Standard Oil Company. His headquarters will be at Cincinnati.

Give ear, O ye trustees of Tuscarawas township. When, O when, will you repair your portion of the public highway between this place and Massillon?

Our brick plant has secured another large contract for paving brick which promises steady employment for some time to come. The plant has not been idle a single day in the McKinley times.

MUDBROOK NEWS.

MUDBROOK, Aug. 7.—Harvest is about over and threshing has commenced.

A number of people from this place joined the excursion to Wheeling on Tuesday.

William Werts is laid up with a sore foot, caused by a heavy piece of timber falling on it.

Mrs. Roads and daughter, Grace, of Canton, are visiting at Jerry Willaman's residence.

C. W. Willigman, of Mineral City, visited at the McClelland home from Friday until Sunday.

Miss Ella Maurer, of Petersburg, O., is a visitor at the home of her father, John Maurer.

Miss Ethel Larkin is visiting her aunt, Mary Leahy, at Berea.

J. H. McClelland, of Midvale, has bought sixty acres of land from Joseph Royer. The price was $50 per acre.

Work at the North Massillon mine has been very good for the season.

The new mine on the Conrad farm is shipping coal.

Charles Albright, one of the pioneers of Lawrence township, who died suddenly Friday morning, was buried at Mudbrook cemetery last Sunday. He was 86 years of age.

Mrs. Leo Leichtenwalter and daughter Mary, of Massillon, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Leichtenwalter's father, S. P. Killinger.

AFFAIRS AT ELTON.

ELTON, Aug 8.—Mr. and Mrs. Will Bidle have returned from a trip to the Keystone state.

Cooper Chidester visited his old friends and acquaintances in the McFarren neighborhood last week. He looks hale and hearty, notwithstanding the fact that he is up in ninety.

Dr. M. L. Boughman has returned from the Pan-American exposition. He also visited in Toronto Canada.

Daniel Boughman paid a flying visit to Cleveland last week.

There seemed to be a general exodus to Cedar Point on Wednesday.

Mrs. Mark Beck, who has been very ill, is able to be about again.

The Rev. Mr. Hyde exchanged pulpits with our pastor last Sunday.

There will be a "Happy Day" meeting at McFarren's, either in the church or grove, beginning August 22, and lasting until Sunday. A number of ministers are expected to be present. Everybody is invited to attend.

Mrs. Paul Wampler and children, who recently returned from Michigan, were the guests of Mrs. Martin McFarren for several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Baughman observed their fifty-fifth wedding anniversary this week. The friends wish them many returns of the same.

MEDICAL EXAMINER

Of the U. S. Treasury Recommends Peruna.

Dr. Llewellyn Jordan.

Dr. Llewellyn Jordan, Medical Examiner of U. S. Treasury Department, graduate of Columbia College, and who served three years at West Point, has the following to say of Peruna:

"Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from your wonderful remedy. One short month has brought forth a vast change and I now consider myself a well man after months of suffering. Fellow sufferers, Peruna will cure you."

Catarrh is a systemic disease curable only by systemic treatment. A remedy that cures catarrh must aim directly at the depressed nerve centers. This is what Peruna does. Peruna immediately invigorates the nerve-centers which give vitality to the mucous membranes. Then catarrh disappears. Then catarrh is permanently cured.

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna is not a guess nor an experiment—it is an absolute scientific certainty. Peruna has no substitutes—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna.

A free book written by Dr. Hartman, on the subject of catarrh in its different phases and stages, will be sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

ATTEND THE GREAT
West Va. Exposition and State Fair
At the City of Wheeling,
September 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, 1901.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT THIS YEAR.

Grand Exhibition of horses, Cattle, sheep, Swine, Dogs and Poultry. TROTTING, PACING and RUNNING RACES both Day and Night.

KEMP SISTERS STUPENDOUS HIPPODROME COMBINATION, introducing SPORTS OF ANCIENT ROME.

THRILLING WILD WEST EXHIBITION, Indians, Cowboys and Rough Riders

LITTLE & GLASGOW Amusement Enterprise, The Limit of Human Adventure.

ALVINA, THE GREAT BALLOONIST, Fired from a Cannon 3,000 feet above the Earth.

Unrivaled Art, Industrial and Mercantile Exhibitions. The Midway, German Village, Booths, Bands and Entertainments.

Low Excursion Rates on all Railroads.

A. REYMAN, President. GEO. HOOK, Secretary

A DOG WAS KILLED.

And a Motorman was Suspended for a Week.

STRIKE RUMORS FOLLOWED

When the Cars Ceased Running on the Massillon Lines, Shortly After 3 O'clock Tuesday, it was Thought That the Men Were Out Because the Killer of the Dog Had Not Been Reinstated—A Union Being Formed Today.

Motorman Henry A. Miller, of this city, employed on the interurban division of the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company's lines, ran his car over a dog belonging to J. Keller, an electrician, of Canton, a month ago. Last Saturday Miller was suspended from the service for seven days. He was given to believe that it was because he had killed Keller's dog.

A paper was immediately gotten into circulation among the employes of the company, declaring the suspension of Miller to be unjust and asking for his re-instatement. It is said that all the Canton employes of the company signed the petition. In Massillon but four signed.

It is not known that the petition had even been presented to the company, but when the cars ceased running, shortly after 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, the story immediately got about that the men were on a strike. Both the men and the company, however, stated that the cessation was due to the breaking of a belt in the power house. Wednesday morning all of the men were at work.

In Canton, where no belts broke Tuesday evening, there was no cessation of operations, and the cars are running today.

There is to be a meeting of street car company's employes in Canton this afternoon for the purpose of organizing a union. N. P. Maier, of this city, organizer for the American Federation of Labor, will preside at the meeting. Both Canton and Massillon street car men will attend.

The dog which Motorman Miller killed is said to have been worth $85. Miller represented to the company that the accident was unavoidable. He said the dog jumped upon the track, five feet in front of his car, which was moving rapidly. He declared it was beyond human power to prevent the killing. Keller, it is said, asserted that the dog lay sleeping on the track, and was discernible from the car for sixty feet. The accident occurred at Brown avenue, in Canton.

Street car men claim that dogs have been killed many times in the past, and no one was suspended. They declare that any motorman on the line would make a strenuous effort to prevent an accident of this kind, for the reason that there is something sickening about the sensation that comes over the man at the brake at such a time.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat (old)	66
Wheat (new)	63
Hay, per ton	$ 8 00–10 00
Straw, per ton	$6 00 7 00
Corn	45–50
Oats	30–32
Clover Seed	5 00
Timothy Seed	1 50–2 00
Rye, per bu	50
Barley	48
Flax seed	1 50
Wool	15–16
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	90–1 00
Beets, doz bunches	25
Evaporated apples	07
Cabbage, doz	50
White beans	2 00
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	16–18
Eggs (fresh)	13
Chickens, dressed	12
Chickens, spring	25
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	11
Shoulder	08
Lard	09
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	10–12
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	90
Middlings per 100 lbs	95

Entertainment committees will find just what they want in the way of invitations, programmes, etc., at THE INDEPENDENT office.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

BRAINY MEN TO MEET

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE.

Annual Session to Be Held In Denver—Every Branch Covered by Main or Affiliated Societies—President Charles Sedgwick Minot.

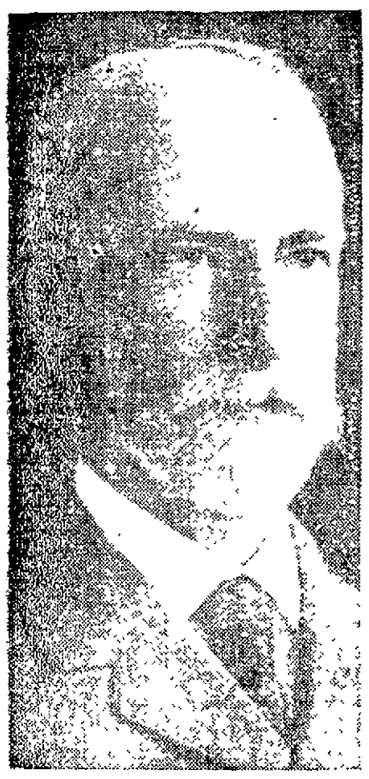
From Aug 24 to 31 the American Association For the Advancement of Science, one of the most important of our technical societies, will hold its annual meeting in Denver. The Colorado city is fortunate in securing this convention It will be a notable gathering of savants, among them men high in American education and research.

Denver and Colorado are preparing enthusiastic welcomes for the convention. Much of the enthusiasm is due to the efforts of the energetic local committee, of which Mr. H. A. Herrick of Denver is chairman.

The coming meeting of the association will be the fiftieth, although its semicentennial was observed in Boston three years ago. The association is, expressing its purpose briefly, a body of scientists and those interested in scientific research who meet once a year to learn the results of the investigations of the past twelvemonth. Its purpose is well expressed in its title and it has worthily lived up to it since its inception. Each session is held in a different North American city. The scientists always meet during the summer, when they elect as president for the ensuing year a man eminent in some particular branch.

The association meets in sections, which together cover the field of science. There are A, mathematics and astronomy; B, physics; C, chemistry; D, mechanical science and engineering; E, geology and geography; F, zoology; G, botany; H, anthropology; I, social and economic science; J, physiology and experimental medicine. The association also serves as a center for the meetings of various scientific bodies which have become affiliated with it.

Any person who feels an interest in the advancement of science may become a member of the association upon recommendation in writing by two



CHARLES SEDGWICK MINOT.
[President of the American Association For the Advancement of Science.]

members or fellows and election by the council. Special efforts are of course made to secure members doing active work in science, but all intelligent Americans are welcome. The small admission fee and the inconsiderable annual dues are amply repaid by the exceedingly valuable reports, proceedings, etc., that are supplied to the members. The association publishes in addition a weekly journal called Science. This is sent free to members.

At the present time there are about 2,400 members. Included in the list of active fellows are such well known names as Newcomb, Langley, Morse, Mendenhall and Erush, all of whom have been presidents of the association. The membership consists of members, fellows, patrons, corresponding members and honorary fellows. Fellows are elected by the council from such of the members as are professionally engaged in science or have aided in its progress. The members of the council or governing board are the past presidents, the vice presidents of the two previous meetings, the officers for the coming meeting and a fellow from each section.

Charles Sedgwick Minot, who will preside over the coming meeting, is one of the most eminent biologists of the world. He is a Massachusetts man, 49 years old, and is professor of histology and human embryology in the Harvard medical school. Dr. Minot was educated at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and at the universities of Leipsic, Paris, Wurzburg and Harvard. He has been connected with the last named university since 1880. Dr. Minot has made considerable research, principally of the physiology of respiration of the muscles and of the phenomena of growth, death and age in their biological aspects. He has contributed a large number of papers to scientific journals and has also embodied the results of his investigations in books that have won international fame. He is a member of many scientific societies and was general secretary of the American Association For the Advancement of Science in 1885. In 1890 Dr. Minot became one of its vice presidents, and last year he won the high honor of an election to the presidency.

D'ANNUNZIO COMING.

Italy's Greatest Writer Soon to Appear In America.

Gabriele d'Annunzio, the leading poet, dramatist and novelist of Italy, is soon, according to recent announcement, to visit America. He will come as the companion of Eleanora Duse, Italy's leading actress, who is one of the greatest of the world's players. Duse is to act the leading roles in D'Annunzio's plays, and the latter is

Photo by Guigoni & Bossi, Milan.
GABRIELE D'ANNUNZIO.

to expound between the acts the philosophy of the conception. They are to appear in a few of the largest cities of the United States.

Although only 37 years of age, D'Annunzio has already made for himself a name in the world's literature. He is hailed in Italy and elsewhere as a poet fitted to rank with the celebrated "four poets of Italy"—Dante, Petrarch, Ariosto and Tasso. As a dramatist the peninsula has not seen his equal since Alfieri, and as a novelist D'Annunzio ranks far in advance of any of his Italian contemporaries. With all the praise that must be accorded to the charm of his style, however, his subject matter is repulsive to most Anglo-Saxons. He is, it is true, "the apostle of beauty," as the Romans name him. But to most critics outside of Italy it seems that his poems and novels dwell too much on the delights of sense and passion to be morally clean.

D'Annunzio has other interests besides his literary work. He is a member of the Italian chamber of deputies and a leader in the thought of the kingdom. Although naturally a student, he is also a man of the world and takes a keen interest in contemporary affairs. In appearance he is "short and faded and has a disagreeable smile that never leaves his lips." It is said that in the novels and plays and poems of D'Annunzio the chief male character is D'Annunzio himself, of course under different names.

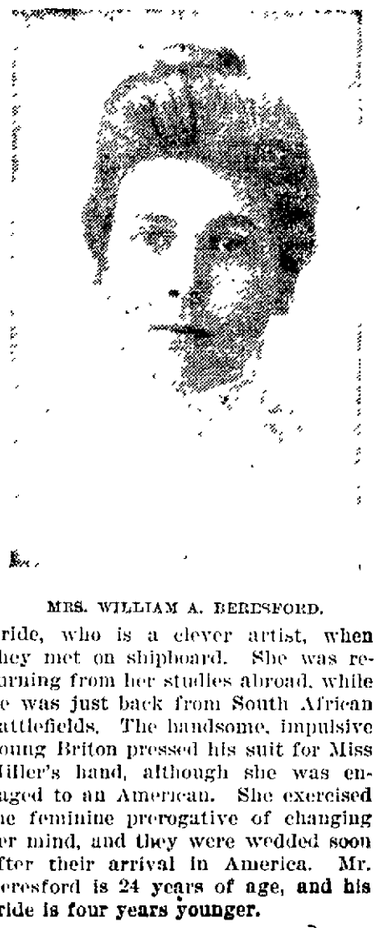
It seems surprising that D'Annunzio and Duse should appear together, considering the stories concerning the two that were recently in circulation. He is said to have accepted the love of the great actress and then, tiring of her, to have laid bare their attachment in his novel "Il Fuoco ("The Flame of Life").

A SHIPBOARD ROMANCE.

American Girl Now a Member of One of England's Greatest Families.

Another charming American girl has just won her way into the highest ranks of the British aristocracy. She is the Hon. Mrs. William Arthur de la Poer Horsley Beresford, who was formerly Miss Florence Holmes Miller of Providence. The family into which our compatriot has married is one of the proudest in the United Kingdom, numbering among its members the Marquis of Waterford and Baron Decies. Her husband is a brother of Baron Decies and a grandnephew of Lord Charles Beresford, England's famous admiral.

The Hon. Mr. Beresford was first attracted by the grace and charm of his



MRS. WILLIAM A. BERESFORD.

bride, who is a clever artist, when they met on shipboard. She was returning from her studies abroad, while he was just back from South African battlefields. The handsome, impulsive young Briton pressed his suit for Miss Miller's hand, although she was engaged to an American. She exercised the feminine prerogative of changing her mind, and they were wedded soon after their arrival in America. Mr. Beresford is 24 years of age, and his bride is four years younger.

NERVE OF ENGINEERS

IT DOES NOT, AS A RULE, DESERT THEM AFTER AN ACCIDENT.

Desperate Chances the Man at the Throttle Will at Times Take Without Being Able to Give a Satisfactory Reason For His Action.

"I have been often asked why railway engineers disregard their instructions and the warning signals along the line of their road," said the general superintendent of a railroad to a man, "and I have summed it up that it is human nature for men to take chances in their business and that engineers are no exception to the general run.

"Sometimes they cannot give a satisfactory reason why they do so. I will give you an authentic instance of this habit which made me live 10 years in 30 minutes.

"On a road I was at the time connected with was a long trestle over a bay several miles in length, with a drawbridge in the center. The draw had been opened, and as a tugboat was passing through the bridge men heard the rumble of a fast, heavily laden passenger train as it struck the bridge a mile away. Knowing that the red danger signals were set with the opening of the draw, they supposed that the engineer would slow up or stop, as might be necessary. Instead, to their consternation, the train came along at regular speed, and a frightful accident appeared inevitable. They yelled to the captain of the tugboat to go at full speed, and as the boat glided through the draw in the darkness they exerted themselves to swing the draw into the locking bolts before the train could get to the point where the rails separated.

"The engineer, however, disregarded the last danger signal, a few hundred yards from the draw, and came on. By a remarkable coincidence of time and position the draw, which was of course in motion, swung so that the rails of the east bound track were in juxtaposition with the west bound track, upon which the train was running, and the heavy engine and one of the passenger coaches, striking the east bound rails, glided upon the draw and stuck there, the remaining portion of the train being on the west bound track, making almost a figure 8 of the coaches.

"If the draw had moved the thirtieth part of a second faster or slower, the east bound rails would not have been opposite the west bound rails at the very instant that the great engine struck them, and a frightful disaster would have resulted. When I got out on the bridge a few minutes later, I fully expected to find the train in the bottom of the bay and the draw smashed into splinters. I discharged the engineer on the spot and asked him why he had not observed the signals. He admitted that he saw them, but could not give a satisfactory reason for failing to observe them. He evidently took his chances of finding the draw closed when he reached it.

"The engineer of today is a sober, steady, nervy man, especially on the fast express trains on the big roads. It is nerve that makes one man carry a limited express train through the darkness of the night, fog, sleet and blinding snow at 60 miles an hour. The stories we read about of an engineer losing his nerve after an accident are largely fiction. In 27 years of active railroad life I have had but one or two men apply to me for a transfer upon the ground that their nerves had gone back on them for running the fast trains.

"I have had men who have been flung 50 feet over their tenders in a head on collision and had a dozen bones broken come to me after they had been discharged from the hospital and ask to be put back on their old run. You see, they begin firing when they are about 18 or 20, and the cab of an engine is their home. If they run into a person or a wagon load of people on the track, if it is not their fault, they take a practical view of it; they have to. If it is their fault, we discharge them, and they can take any view of it they please then, for we do not wish in our employ careless men. This is true with all of the big roads, and as a result American engineers of today are about as model a set of men in their employment as can be found."—Washington Star.

Things Not Wanted.

Dogs, pianos and typewriters are the possessions most frequently advertised for sale at second hand, according to an advertising man. Cameras run these three hard in the sale of things desirable to get rid of, and bicycles come next.

Bicycles and cameras would probably head the list, so many people seem to wish to be rid of them, but their tenure of advertising popularity is usually brief. Household furniture, horses and carriages come next in the list. Then jewelry, watches, sewing machines and musical instruments.

Books are far down, almost the last in the list. Folks who have them usually seem to wish to keep them.—New York Sun.

The Charge Not Sustained.

"You say," pursued the chairman of the investigating committee, "that he resorted to no bribery whatever during the election so far as you know?"

"Yes, sir," replied the witness; "that's what I said."

"Did he not circulate several boxes of cigars?"

"Yes, sir, but them cigars wasn't bribes. Here's one of them. You try it."—Detroit Free Press.

Saving Requires Character.

The faculty of saving money is much rarer than the faculty of making it, and it calls for the exercise of a higher degree of good judgment and more self restraint. In a word it requires more character.—World's Work

HOUSE DECORATION.

Suggestive Notes on Interior Work, Furniture and Pictures.

The dining room in a house near New York has had the walls divided into three portions by a chair rail, about two and a half feet from the floor, and by a shelf, some two feet below the ceiling. The woodwork is all finished in ivory enamel. The upper and lower portions of the wall have been hung with forest green burlap, against which a choice collection of quaint steins and other picturesque pottery, artistically arranged upon the shelf, stands out in bold relief. The middle part of the wall has been hung with dull red burlap, and upon this part the owner has hung oil paintings in broad, flat gilt frames, spacing at intervals to suit his fancy. The furniture, of a rather quaint and picturesque type, is of a forest green oak, the chairs being thinly upholstered in velvet. On one side of the room is a great fireplace of rough red brick laid in green mortar, running up to the shelf molding under the frieze, which breaks round the chimney breast to form a mantel. On either side of the fireplace opening are projected seats, plain and simple in their fashioning, that are heaped high with gay cushions and afford a comfortable resting place, says The Art Interchange, in which occur the following, among other, suggestive notes:

Curly maple is a delightful wood, particularly when dull finished. Like mahogany, it requires some expanse of surface to show its grain satisfactorily and appears to better advantage in large pieces of furniture. This is true of birdseye maple also. Both need but little more than a smooth, fine beading to relieve the eye. Chestnut and ash and oak, on the contrary, are monotonous in grain. To get variety the cabinet maker has recourse to spindle work, elaborately turned legs and metal work. Cherry is a cheap, much despised wood, but very pretty furniture can be found made from it notwithstanding.

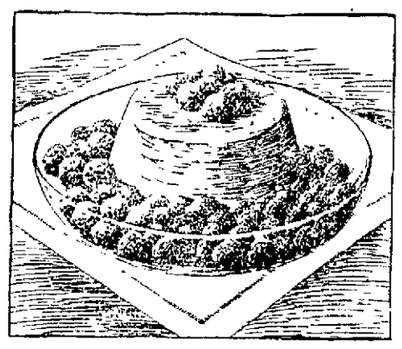
When a person possesses a large number of small pictures, like photographs or etchings, if they are the same size or of sizes which can be made to combine it is better to frame three or four of them together, with a single mat cut to the various sized openings. When they are of different sizes which do not arrange themselves, obviously it is better to follow the rule of "make up" in magazines of growing toward the right—that is, putting the larger and darker ones on the right hand side of the frame, so as to produce a sort of climax, as the eye naturally travels in that direction.

The frame should be of the small, round oak molding, only large enough to hold the glass, and the mats, three inches outside the photographs and two between, should be a yellow olive or cream.

A DAINTY DISH.

A Good Fruit Accompaniment For a Midday Lunch.

For the midday lunch on a hot day this dish is a dainty accompaniment. Pick one-half box berries carefully over and press through a sieve and add to



RED RASPBERRY TRIFLE.

the pulp one cup of sugar, juice of one-half lemon and cook until very thick. Remove from the fire and add by spoonfuls to the whites of four eggs beaten stiff and dry, beating slowly all the time the berry is being added. Then pour into a buttered mold and bake in a moderate oven until when touched with the finger it does not adhere. Let it become cold, unmold in a pretty glass dish and surround with the remainder of the fruit.

Plain cream is best to serve with this, but it is equally excellent without. The success of this delicate article is cooking the fruit thoroughly and having the eggs beaten to the right consistency. A good test for the latter is when the beaten white can be heaped into a pointed mound without losing shape and forming on the apex what the bakers call a "dog ear."—Household.

Fashion Echoes.

Linen and batiste were never more popular in summer dress.

The smart pocket handkerchief has a touch of color in one corner.

The raglan made of thinnest alpaca or cheviot is a useful addition to the summer wardrobe.

Hats showing wide brims are unusually popular for summer wear. This style of hat is trimmed very low save at the left side.

The new hat known as the "shirt waist hat" is merely a low crowned sailor of either rough or smooth straw trimmed with a handkerchief drapery of Persian silk or satin.

Soft silks in pale colors make some of the most attractive gowns for summer afternoon wear. A pretty model in pale green shows wide bands of white lace insertion striping the skirt in vertical lines.

Mitts gain little favor usually in spite of the fact that they are part of the elbow sleeve fashion so modish just now.

Low cut calfskin slippers tied with broad black ribbon are the swagger thing for wear with white pique and duck morning dress.

The Indian and the Northwest.

A handsomely illustrated book just issued, bound in cloth and containing 115 pages of interesting historical data relating to the settlement of the great Northwest, with fine half-tone engravings of Black Hawk, Sitting Bull, Red Cloud and other noted chiefs; Custer's battleground and ten colored map plates showing location of the various tribes dating back to 1600. A careful review of the book impresses one that it is a valued contribution to the history of these early pioneers, and a copy should be in every library. Price, 50 cents per copy. Mailed postage prepaid upon receipt of this amount by W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Reduced Rates to California, Queen & Crescent.

Special reduced rates to California, Queen & Crescent route. Great opportunity to visit the Pacific coast. Quick schedules and excellent train service. Ask Queen & Crescent ticket agents or address W. C. Rinearson, G. P. A., Cincinnati, for particulars.

The Correct Population of Cities and Towns in the Northwest,

Located along the line of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, is shown in a booklet just issued by that Company. Copy may be obtained by sending stamp to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth Ave., Chicago.

Pennsylvania College for Women
East End, Pittsburg, Pa.
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Rev. Chalmers Martin, D. D., President

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Leaving foot of Madison Street Daily at 9.10 A. M. after arrival of morning trains. Returning, arrive Week Days 8.30 P. M., Sundays 9 00 P. M. Fare to Detroit, 75c. unlimited round trip, $1.25 Excursions to Detroit and return, Week Days $1, Sundays 50c. To Pt. Huron and return, a delightful two days' trip, only $2.00, meals and berth extra.
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TRAVELER'S REGISTER.

Trains Arrive and Depart on Central Standard Time

Change in Time of Trains on Pennsylvania Lines.

Under the new schedule in effect, May 26, trains over the Pennsylvania Lines leave Massillon.

For the East—2:12, 4:39, 8:05 a. m.; 1:12, 4:36, 7:55, 10:22 p. m.

For the West—4:12, 8:25, 10:00, 10:10 a. m.; 5:42, 9:35 p. m.

For particular information on the subject apply to J. A. Shoemaker, Agent.

VISIT WINONA LAKE.

An Attractive Summer Haven for Rest, Recreation, Entertainment.

Winona Lake, Ind., on the Pennsylvania Lines, is an attractive summer haven for persons who desire to combine devotion, entertainment and instruction with rest and recreation. This resort is the site of the Winona Assembly and Summer School, and is annually visited by many persons who are strengthened in mind by the excellent facilities for educational work, and invigorated in body by the health-giving influences for which Winona Lake is famous.

The season of 1901 will open May 15. Commencing on that date excursion tickets with fifteen-day limit will be on sale via Pennsylvania Lines. They may be obtained during May, June, July and August. The sale of season excursion tickets will also begin May 15 and continue daily until September 14. Excursion tickets will be good returning until September 17.

Full information about the attractions at "Beautiful Winona," its Assembly and Summer School, etc., will be cheerfully furnished all who address Mr. Sol. C. Dickey, Secretary, Winona Lake, Ind. Inquiries about excursion rates, time of trains, etc., should be addressed to Passenger and Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or to F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa.

REDUCED RATES.

Northwest, West, South and Southeast, Via Pennsylvania Lines.

The sale of special fare colonists' tickets to California, and settlers' tickets to the Northwest, West, South and Southeast has been resumed via Pennsylvania lines. Particular information about fares, through time and other details will be furnished upon application to passenger and ticket agents of the Pennsylvania lines.

Excursion tickets to New York, good for returning via Buffalo with stop-over at Pan-American Exposition, go on sale July 1 at principal ticket offices of Pennsylvania Lines.

A New York with trip stop-over privileges at the Pan-American Exposition, may be made on low fare excursion tickets obtainable at Pennsylvania Lines ticket offices after July 1.

C A & C Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Ry.

Trains Run by Central Standard Time.

Southbound.	502	588	528	504
	a m	p m	p m	a m
CLEVELAND lv	*8 10	†1 20	*7 20	.....
Hudson	9 08	2 28	8 25	*10 45
AKRON ..... ar	9 35	2 58	8 55	11 10
AKRON lv	9 35	2 53	8 56	11 10
Barberton	9 49	3 10	9 13	*11 30
ORRVILLE ..... ar	10 25	3 55	9 53	508
ORRVILLE lv	10 30	3 55	10 08	a m
Millersburg	11 12	4 40	10 47	†5 46
Mt. Vernon	12 32	6 05	12 15	7 10
COLUMBUS ..... ar	*1 50	† 7 30	*1 40	†8 40
	p m	p m	a m	a m

Northbound.	527	585	503	507
	a m	a m	p m	p m
COLUMBUS lv	*12 40	†6 55	*12 05	†5 35
Mt. Vernon	2 28	8 28	1 30	7 10
Millersburg	3 55	9 4[illegible]	2 44	†8 35
ORRVILLE ..... ar	4 45	10 30	3 33	505
ORRVILLE lv	4 55	10 40	3 38	p m
Barberton	5 36	11 18	4 07	*4 00
AKRON ..... ar	5 56	11 38	4 26	4 17
AKRON lv	6 06	11 38	4 25	4 17
Hudson	6 35	12 05	4 55	*4 43
CLEVELAND ..... ar	*7 30	1 05	*5 50	.....
	a m	p m	p m	p m

Train for Warsaw, Trinway, Zanesville and intermediate stations on Dresden Branch leaves Millersburg, 11:12 a m week days.
*Every day †Week days only.
E. A. FORD Gen. Pass. Agt, Pittsburg, Pa

New Schedule on the W & L E R'y to Take Effect Sunday, June 9.

Eastbound—No. 7, 9:15 a. m.; No 1, 1.57 p.m.. No. 3, 6:35 p. m.

Westbound—No 4, 10:10 a. m., No. 2, 4:50 p. m; No. 8, 7:15 p. m., stops here.

Above time is leaving time at Massillon.

Trains 7, 3, 4 and 8, daily.

Trains 1 and 2, daily except Sunday.

Parlor cars will run on trains 2 and 3 week days, and on Sundays on trains 3 and 4. W. R. HANSEN, Agt.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry. Co

Schedule in effect June 9, 1901

Southbound (down)				(up) Northbound			
p m 17	p.m 13	a m 11		p m 10	a.m 14	p.m 16
6 10	1 05	6 30	Lorain	3 25	11 15	7 55
*6 1[illegible]	1 25	6 44	Elyria	3 12	11 00	7 41
6 33	1 43	7 01	Grafton	2 56	10 43	7 28
6 53	2 1[illegible]	7 20	Lester Junct	2 38	10 23	7 05
*5		*1	Main Line	2	4	*6
				a m		
5 55	1 35	7 20	Cleveland	4 30	11 15	6 00
6 11	8 4[illegible]	7 36	Brooklyn	8 13	11 01	5 46
7 03	2 31	8 21	Lester Junct	7 27	10 22	5 00
7 15	2 40	8 30	Medina	7 16	10 14	4 48
7 27	2 51	8 41	C Lake	7 02	10 01	4 35
7 37	2 5[illegible]	8 51	Seville	6 52	9 56	4 26
7 43	3 03	8 [illegible]	Sterling	6 46	9 50	4 20
8 07	3 21	9 16	Warwick	6 2	9 30	3 56
8 15	3 3[illegible]	9 23	Canal Fulton ..	6 18	9 23	3 48
8 3[illegible]	3 5[illegible]	9 43	Ar. Dep. Massillon	6 00	9 05	3 30
8 [illegible]5	3 5[illegible]	9 43	Ar. Dept.	6 00	9 00	3 30
8 51	4 06	9 59	Justus	5 45	8 5[illegible]	3 13
9 20	4 37	10 30	Canal Dover ...	5 15	8 20	2 44
9 27	4 44	10 37	N Philadelphia	5 08	8 13	2 37
9 45	5 01	10 55	Uhrichsville ...	4 50	7 53	2 20
.....	6 07	12 0[illegible]	Flushing	.....	6 57	1 20
.....	7 0[illegible]	1 05	Bridgeport	.....	6 00	12 20
p. m	p m	p.m		a.m	a. m	p.m

Bridgeport Accommodation	North	South
	p.m *	a m *7
Massillon	7 50	6 30
Justus	7 34	6 49
Canal Dover	7 03	7 21
New Philadelphia	6 55	7 28
Uhrichsville	6 38	7 43
Flushing	5 34	8 52
Bridgeport	4 30	10 00

Sunday trains at Massillon, northbound, 7:20 a. m., 3:30 p. m. arriving 7.50 p. m
Southbound—6:30 a. m, 9:43 a. m. 8:35 p.m.
Electric cars between Bridgeport, Bellaire Martin's Ferry and Wheeling
M. G. CARPEL, G. P. A., Cleveland O

Canton-Massillon Electric Ry—Interurban

On and after Monday, June 24, 1901, Interurban trains will leave the Public Square Canton, for Massillon, and the City Park, Massillon, for Canton, as follows:

STANDARD TIME.

*5 30 a m	11 30 a m	5 30 p m
*8 06 a m	12 0[illegible] p m	6 06 p m
6 54 a m	12 54 p m	6 [illegible]4 p m
7 30 a m	1 30 p m	7 30 p m
8 06 a m	2 06 p m	8 06 p m
8 54 a m	2 54 p m	8 54 p m
2 30 a m	3 30 p m	9 30 p m
10 06 a m	4 06 p m	10 30 p m
10 54 a m	4 54 p m	

*Sundays excepted

All trains leaving Massillon after 6 30 a. m. connect for the Lake.

For special service, rates and information apply to L. O'TOOL, Supt. Canton, O or F H. KILLINGER, Gen. Agt. Massillon, O.

The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.
"B. & O. System."
Taking Effect May 19, 1901.
NORTH BOUND.

	* No. 46	* No. 4.	† No. 6.	* No. 10	* No. [illegible]
Massillon	A. M.	A. 7 30	A10 30	P 3 30	P. [illegible]30
Canton ...	5 45	8 15	P 12 01	4 19	7 40
Akron	6 45	9 05	1 00	4 10	8 19
Cleveland	8 15	10 00	2 10	5 45	9 28

SOUTH BOUND.

	* No. 7.	† No. 3.	* No. 5.	* No. 9.	* No. [illegible]
Cleveland	A. 7 25	A11 00	P11 20	P 3 25	P. [illegible]35
Akron	9 05	P12 20	12 15	4 35	7 35
Canton ...	9 41	1 08	1 15	5 44	8 40
Massillon	10 30	2 10	.....	6 10	9 20

*Daily †Daily except Sunday.
C. W. BRIEDEE, Agent, 40 E. Main

Bear in mind that the want columns is a good investment.

BEAUMONT OIL FIELDS.

Low Rates, Direct Line, Excellent Train Service via Queen & Crescent Route.

W. C. Rinearson, G. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

All patrons of THE INDEPENDENT are requested to furnish copy for their advertisements not later than 9:30 a. m. of the day on which they are to appear. When sent in at a later hour, it may be necessary to delay their publication until the following day.

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office for your job printing.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SOME CITY AFFAIRS

Grape Street Improvement Commenced.

WALNUT STREET SEWER.

Its Pecuniary Features Now Being Given Attention—The Board of Revision Has Completely Forgotten Itself—The Milkmen Reduce to Vigorous Writing Their Objections to a Pending Ordinance.

City Engineer Howald has completed his survey for the widening and improving of Grape street. This thoroughfare, at present 20 feet wide, is one of the city lines. It is to be made 40 feet wide, the additional twenty feet of land being donated for the purpose by township property owners. Most of the expense of grading will fall upon the township. Trustee Elsass thinks the improvement will cost at least $500. The work is to be done by Supervisor Jeremiah Schwier.

WALNUT STREET SEWER.

Now that the council knows what the Walnut street sewer will cost and the route it ought to follow, the pecuniary features are being considered. Mr. Lewis, of the second ward, the champion of the improvement, money or no money, will die hard, for he holds that the sewer is more of a necessity than some of the other things that money has been spent for.

DERELICT BOARD OF REVISION.

Old inhabitants are cudgeling their brains as to when the board of revision held its last meeting. The board of revision is constituted of the president of the city council, the solicitor and the mayor, and, according to law, it should meet monthly to inspect the books of all city departments, and report to the council any irregularities found, or any recommendations for the improvement of city systems

MILKMEN'S PROTEST.

The members of the Massillon Dairymen's Association, in the office of Attorney Finn, Saturday evening, reduced to writing their ojections to the ordinance now pending in the council They object to all features of the proposed measure not based upon the pure food or other state laws. They will not pay a license. They announce their willingness to have their product examined at any time, but they will oppose any further inspection.

THE SCALE IS SIGNED.

Glass Blowers Will Work Under Last Year's Schedule.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug 5.—The conference between the wage committees of the National Green Glass Bottle Manufacturers' Association and the Green Glass Bottle Blowers' Union came to an end, Saturday, with an amicable settlement of both the wage and apprentice questions. These matters were settled on last year's basis. The manufacturers' committee came instructed to decrease wages ten per cent., and the blowers asked for a ten per cent. increase. The latter, however, did not insist on the increase when the manufacturers signified their willingness to avoid increasing the number of apprentices. It was agreed that there would be no increase in the price of blown jars, as was demanded Friday by the blowers. The schedule for the coming blast was signed by both parties to the conference. Next week President Hayes, of the Glass Blowers' Union, will meet the manufacturers to arrange a scale for the flint glass blowers who recently joined the Green Glass Blowers' Union.

BINDER FINDS HIS WIFE.

And Orders the Arrest of His Alleged Successor in Her Affections.

John Binder, of Homestead, Pa., arrived in the city Saturday night, to find his runaway wife conducting a boarding house on George street. His four children were with her. Binder claimed that she had deserted him. Mrs. Binder maintained that she had begun divorce proceedings; that Binder was cruel to her, and that she would never live with him again. Neither, she said, would she give up the children. Binder, before the mayor, swore out a warrant against Martin Theil, one of the boarders, whom he suspects of being his successor in Mrs. Binder's affections. The mayor has ordered all concerned to appear before him Monday afternoon. Mrs. Binder came to Massillon several months ago.

O. O. Buck, Beirne, Ark., says: "I was troubled with constipation until I bought DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Since then have been entirely cured of my old complaint. I recommend them." Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

The annual seashore excursions over the Pennsylvania Lines will be run July 25th and August 8th On those dates excursion tickets will be sold to ten of the most popular resorts on the Atlantic coast.

P. T. Thomas, Sumterville, Ala.—"I was suffering from dyspepsia when I commenced taking Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I took several bottles and can digest anything." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the only preparation containing all the natural digestive fluids. It gives weak stomachs, entire rest, restoring their natural condition. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

OUTINGS OF THE BANDS.

Harmonia's Plans Completed—Others Discussing Theirs.

The Harmonia band will have its annual outing at Turkeyfoot lake. The members will go to the resort Saturday, August 17, and will remain several days.

The Military band has made no plans for its outing. Heretofore it has spent a week or ten days annually at Chippewa lake. William Ertle, one of the members, is now camping at that place.

The Marine band will this evening discuss plans. Many of the members favor a sojourn at Zoar.

WORK ON BUILDINGS

McClymonds Block Nearing Completion.

THE FLATS OF S. BURD.

Some of Them Will be Ready for Occupancy by September 2—F. A. Sieberg to Erect Two Brick Dwellings in Pike Street—Building Permits Issued to H. L. Walters and Miss Emma Hammer.

The building of what has heretofore been known as the Bammerlin block, in South Erie street, to the height of the new McClymonds structure, was Monday commenced. The Bammerlin building, which changed hands some time since, is to be made a part of the McClymonds block, giving it an enormous floor space. Many of the rooms of all floors of the new structure have already been leased.

MR. BURD'S BUILDINGS.

S. Burd expects his flats, in Muskingum street, to be completed to a condition of occupancy in three weeks. His Charles street building will be gotten under roof today, and will probably be finished within two months.

BUILDINGS TO COST $3,450.

Building permits were issued Saturday by City Clerk Seaman to Harvey L. Walters, F. A. Sieberg and Miss Emma Hammer.

Mr. Walters will erect a frame dwelling of four rooms, at a cost of $500, in Waechter street.

Mr. Sieberg will build two brick six-roomed dwellings in Pike street. Each will cost $1,200.

Miss Hammer's proposed dwelling will cost $550, and will be located in Elizabeth street. It will have four rooms

---

Dr. Fenner's GOLDEN RELIEF

Old Sores, Wounds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, A TRUE SPECIFIC IN ALL

INFLAMMATION

Sorethroat, Headache (5 minutes), Toothache (1 minute), Cold Sores, Felons, etc etc.

"Colds," Forming Fevers, GRIP,

CURES ANY PAIN INSIDE OR OUT in one to thirty minutes

By Dealers. The 50c. size by mail 60c. Fredonia, N.Y.

Diarrhoea, Colic, etc. Stomach Cure Sprains, etc.

For Sale by Z T Baltzly.

A WORD ABOUT WATERMELONS.

Expert Thompson Expounds the Science of Selection.

"If you want one that am sweet and juicy," expounds Frederick N. Thompson, watermelon expert, "heft 'em all, and take a heavy one that hain't got no white stripes. You take them striped ones, and most all is seedy and light. But course you can't get good melyuns up here. Down in old Virginy, when we used to pick 'em ripe off the vine and split 'em wide open with a kettle touch, them's the ones that are good. They ain't none like them in other place."

Good Medicine for Children.

If you have a baby in the house you will wish to know the best way to check any unusual looseness of the bowels, or diarrhoea so common to small children. O. P. M. Holliday, of Deming, Ind., who has an eleven-months'-old child, says: "Through the months of June and July our baby was teething and took a running off of the bowels and sickness of the stomach. His bowels would move from five to eight times a day. I had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house and gave him four drops in a teaspoonful of water and he got better at once." For sale by E. S. Craig, Z. T. Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

Low Rates Westward.

During the first ten days of August and September, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway will sell excursion tickets from Chicago to points in the West and Northwest at the following extremely low rates:

St. Paul and Minneapolis and return	$10.35
Duluth, Minn., and return	14 35
Hot Springs, S. C., and return	35.00
Deadwood and Lead City, S. D., and return	29.50
Denver, Pueblo and Colorado Springs and return	35.00
Ogden and Salt Lake City, Utah, and return	40.00

Greatly reduced rates on all other days.

These tickets will be good on all trains and purchasers will have choice of six routes and eight trains via St. Paul, and two routes and three trains via Missouri River. The route of the Famous Pioneer Limited trains, and the U. S. Government Fast Mail trains, Chicago to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

All Coupon Ticket Agents sell tickets via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. For further information address F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Old Colony Building, Chicago.

Eruptions, cuts, burns, scalds and sores of all kinds quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Certain cure for piles. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you get the original—DeWitt's. C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

BUTCHERS ARE IMMUNE.

Meat Dealers, It Is Said, Never Die of Consumption.

"Butchers never die of consumption." The big man with his sleeves rolled up, wielding the cleaver at the block, said this as he threw a beefsteak on the scale.

It sounded more like a trade superstition than a fact, but so far as diligent inquiry has been able to discover it is true, although not generally known outside of the meat chopping craft.

Butchers are no longer lived than men in other walks of life. They are subject to all the other ills that human flesh is heir to, but consumption they do not have. So far as a reporter was able to learn not a single case is on record of a butcher in this city being afflicted with the incurable wasting of the lungs which claims its hundreds of thousands of victims annually.

The fact is well known among butchers and has been often the subject of their comment, although none of them can give a reason for it.

"No," said a man who has swung sides and rounds in Washington market for the last 20 years; "I have had rheumatism and typhoid fever and lots of other things, but nothing has ever been out of gear with my lungs, and the same is true of every other butcher in this town. I know nearly all of them, and I never heard of one of them having consumption. They don't drink blood or take any especially good care of themselves either. I don't know why it should be so unless it's because the continual inhaling of an atmosphere of fresh meat is strengthening.

"I have often thought when hearing of consumptives going to Colorado and Egypt that I know of a climate nearer home that would do the business just as well. If they would stay in this stall for awhile and swing meat, they would get well quite as quickly as they would on the top of Pike's peak."—New York Mail and Express.

DOGS.

There are nearly 200 distinct varieties of dogs.

Foxhounds give cry, but deerhounds hunt in silence.

The greyhound is the only dog which hunts by sight.

A pure bred staghound never attacks the head of his quarry.

Only in the temperate zone is the dog found perfect in courage and speed.

The Italian greyhound is reputed to be the most symmetrical of all animals.

Skye terriers have been known to jump into the river and land hooked fish, which they take carefully by the back.

Eskimo dogs are capable of drawing a well laden sledge 60 miles in a day. Their harness is of the lightest, only a single trace and no reins.

Women Cannot Boss Each Other.

The old theory that woman is man's helper seems incorrigibly well founded, says E. S. Martin in McClure's Magazine. If the situation isn't satisfactory to her, there is no help for it, for the conditions it came out of seem to be eternal. Women may vote. They will be none the less man's helpers if they do. They never will band together to put man down and teach him his place. They will push him ahead if they can, they will pull him along when they must, they will influence him enormously, as they always have done, but they will never conspire together on any very great scale to make him play second fiddle. Some one has got to be master. Women in general will never agree to have women bosses so long as there are competent men for that use.

Kaffir Banking.

The Kaffirs have a simple method of banking. Before setting out to trade they select one of their number as their banker and put all their money in his bag. When an article is purchased by any of those who are in this combine, the price is taken by the banker from the bag, counted several times and then paid to the seller, after which all the bank depositors cry out to the banker in the presence of two witnesses selected, "You owe me so much." This is then repeated by the witnesses. The general accounting comes between the banker and his several depositors when all the purchases have been made, after which all the natives go home.

Varying Values of Food.

Fourteen oysters are equal to only one egg. Pea soup is nutritious, but to live on it you would need a daily supply of 24 platefuls. A purely vegetable diet is too bulky, yet it may be good for the gouty and the obese. It is true that the Scottish peasantry, their country's pride, are nurtured on oatmeal, but it is liberally supplemented by milk. Rational life is a compromise. You want the happy mean "between the tiger pacing its cage and the cow lying upon the grass."—Dr. Hutchinson's "Dietetics."

The Passions.

We say of a man who has no will mastery, "He is ruled by his passions." They govern him, not he them. Centuries ago an Arab wrote, "Passion is a tyrant which slays those whom it governs." It is like fire, which once thoroughly kindled can scarcely be quenched, or like the torrent, which when it is swollen can no longer be restrained with its banks. Call him not a prisoner who has been put in fetters by his enemy, but rather him whose own passions overpower him to destruction.

A Puzzler.

Tibbetts—So you do not believe in the emancipation of woman?

Burton—Well, it is just here. Man is the superior being. But how is he going to show his superiority if woman is his equal? That's what I want to know. —Boston Transcript.

THE COUNTY FAIR.

Price of Admission Reduced for the Night Fairs.

The directors of the Stark County Agricultural Society held another session last week for the purpose of completing arrangements for the county fair It was decided to reduce the admission charges to the grounds and also the admission to the grand stand from 25 cents to 15 cents for the night fairs. The fair will begin Monday, September 2, and will be continued for five days, one day longer than in previous years. Night fairs will be held on the evenings of September 3, 4 and 5. Secretary Lehman said that the special attractions would be sufficient to occupy an entire evening. He said that arrangements will be made with the electric light company and the Sun Vapor Light Company to light the grounds. More lights will be distributed than last year. Arrangements have been made for instrumental music in both the Art and Horticultural halls.

In cases of cough or croup give the little one One Minute Cough Cure Then rest easy and have no fear. The child will be all right in a little while. It never fails. Pleasant to take: always safe, sure and instantaneous in effect. Chas. W. Cupples, 130 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E Main St.

THE COUCH CASE DISMISSED.

The Prosecution Failed to Appear Saturday.

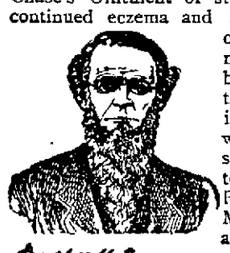
The case of the state against J. B. Couch, charged with having embezzled funds belonging to the American Home Association, was dismissed Saturday by Mayor Wise. "The prosecution witnesses did not appear," said the mayor, "and there was nothing for me to do but discharge Mr. Couch."

Don't be satisfied with temporary relief from indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure permanently and completely removes this complaint It relieves permanently because it allows the tired stomach perfect rest. Dieting won't rest the stomach Nature receives supplies from the food we eat. The sensible way to help the stomach is to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which digests what you eat and can't help but do you good. Chas W Cupples, 139 West Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

Eczema for Forty Years.

The Unqualified Statement of a Well Known Attorney, St. Ignace, Mich.

Some of the cures made by Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment of stubborn and long continued eczema and skin diseases are causing much comment. People are beginning to realize that this Ointment is a wonder worker with all kinds of skin trouble. Attorney James J. Brown, St. Ignace, Michigan, writes as follows:



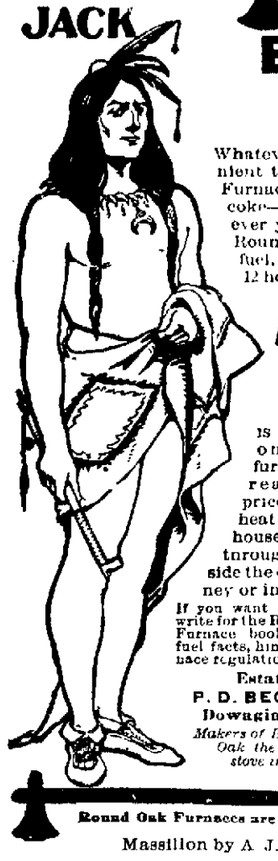
Dr. A. W. Chase Med. Co. Buffalo, N. Y.—Gents:—I cannot refrain from expressing my acknowledgement for the relief I have felt from Dr. Chase's Ointment. For 40 years I was afflicted with a skin disease which was located in one spot—on my leg. I have spent at a rough estimate five hundred dollars trying to effect a cure, and not until I applied this ointment did I get relief. You are strangers to me and this letter is prompted directly because I want to say and I feel as though I ought to say it. That Chase's ointment has effected a complete cure of my affliction. Three boxes did the work on my leg. I was also suffering from itching piles and applied the ointment which gave the best of satisfaction by affording me rest at night and rapidly causing the disease to disappear. I have received such relief and comfort from the ointment that I cannot withhold expressing my gratitude. I was so long afflicted with the tortures of eczema. I feel now that I am cured, a word of recommendation is due from me. Yours truly,

JAMES J. BROWN.

Dr. Chase's Ointment is sold at 50 cents a box at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by E. S. Craig.

DOE WAH JACK



Economical Fuel

Whatever fuel is most economical, most convenient to your house, can be used in a Round Oak Furnace—chunks of wood, soft coal, hard coal, coke—anything that fire will burn. Whatever you put in it will give out heat, because Round Oak Furnaces waste no fuel. Burn all the fuel, the gases, and most of the smoke. Keep fire 12 hours with wood, 24 hours with coal. The

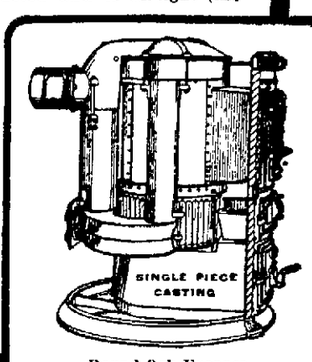
Round Oak Furnace

is solidly constructed and is airtight (the only airtight furnace,) and is reasonable in price. All of the heat goes into the house—no waste through flues outside the casing, chimney or in cellar.

If you want a furnace, write for the Round Oak Furnace book—full of fuel facts, hints on furnace regulation, etc.

Estate of P. D. BECKWITH, Dowagiac, Mich.

Makers of Beckwith's Round Oak the most famous stove in the world.



Round Oak Furnace with outer casing removed.

Round Oak Furnaces are for sale in Massillon by A. J. Paul.

AT COST

for the next

30 DAYS

we will sell all our fine line of Banquet Lamps at cost.

Come and make your selection.

S. F. WEFLER

W. & L. E. Excursions.

$1 00 to Cleveland, O
$1.00 to Zanesville, O
$1.25 to Steubenville, O.
$1 25 to Wheeling, W Va.

Every Sunday via the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad.

Excursions to Dayton via Pennsylvania Lines.

For meeting K. of P., Uniform Rank Ohio Brigade, excursion tickets to Dayton, O., will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines, August 10, 11 and 12, good returning until August 19

OUR NEW STYLES OF

NECKWEAR,

For the August Outing Season.

New weaves and colorings in Windsors and Windsor Bows, 25c.

Ideals of Windsor Scarf thoughts, 50c.

Novelties in Fancy Hose, 25c and 50c.

PAJAMA SUITS, BATH TOWELS

BATHING SUITS.

French and Irish Linen Kerchiefs, 2 for 25c.

President and Ventilated Suspenders, 50c

Belts, Yacht Caps, Suit Cases, etc.

Doll's Hat AND Shirt Store

4 East Main Street.

PLAN YOUR SUMMER OUTING NOW.

Improved Service to Michigan Summer Resorts

The floating palaces of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Company are more beautiful than ever this season and have many added conveniences. The parlors and staterooms are newly furnished, and traveling is made delightful over this popular route. Their service has been improved and now make good connections with all railroads at each of their ports Send 2c. stamp for illustrated pamphlet Address

A. A. SCHANTZ G P. A.,
Detroit, Mich.

Drop a quarter in THE INDEPENDENT want columns and get what you want.

Real Estate Bulletin

20	lots	on S. Erie St.,	$400 to	$600
14	"	" Chester " ..	250 "	500
17	"	" Edwin " .	200 "	450
18	"	" Dwight " ..	250 "	450
7	"	" George " .	225 "	250
13	"	" Johnson St	200 "	275
6	"	" Kent St		300
18	"	" off Akron St .		150
8	"	off Waechter St	$150-	200

1 lot on East Oak Street.

Also lots on Woodland Ave., Pear St., Tremont St., Center and Superior St.

CASH OR EASY TERMS.

JAMES R. DUNN,

Over 50 S. Erie St.

THE BEE HIVE — THE BEE HIVE

Shirt Waists at Quick Selling Prices

Further Reductions to Clean up the Stocks

THIS Shirt Waist opportunity adds much interest to the General Clearance Sale going on all over the store. The styles are all strictly correct and you can make pleasing selections if you come soon.

Waists at 39c Each	All colored Waists that have been selling at 50c, 69c and 75c are going at this great closing out offer—**39c** each.	Waists at $1.50 Each	Sailor Collar Waists of Mercerized Gingham, embroidery and insertion trimmed, sold at $2.75, now reduced to **$1.50** each
Waists at 69c Each	All Colored Waists that sold at 89c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.39 are offered now as a Clearance Sale special at only **69c** each.	White Waists at 75c Each.	White Waists made in the latest styles and nicely trimmed, waists that sold at 89c, $1 00, $1.25 and $1.39, your choice **75c**
Waists at $1.25 Each	Colored Waists of Linens, Lawns, Dimities, etc. that sold at $1.50, $1.69 and $1 75 to go at this closing price, **$1.25** each.	Fancy White Waists at $1 98 Each	Very fine White Waists made in this season's handsome new styles. All over embroidered front, tucked sleeves and back with fancy collar, were $3 and $3.25, now special at **$1.98.**

ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

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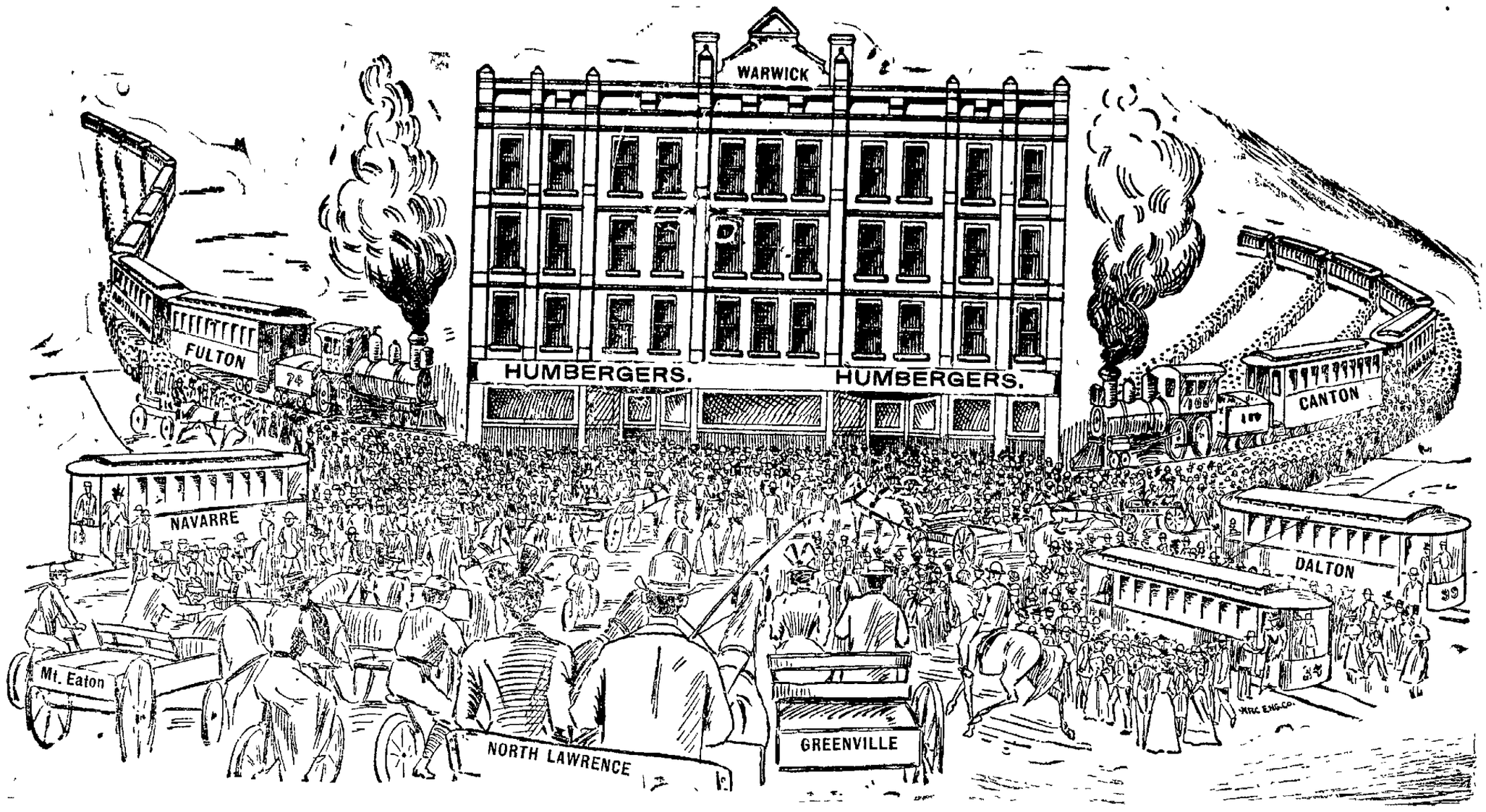

HUMBERGERS' BIG 25-DAY CLEARANCE SALE

Starts Saturday Morning, August 10.

AT this time every department, every nook and corner on our three floors will have a general shaking up, price reductions will be made on everything, and the opportunity is now offered to close cash buyers to save money on most anything they may need. We have some early shipments of fall goods that will enter into this sale, but the reduced prices will prevail only while the sale lasts. Following our usual custom, **OUR STORES WILL BE CLOSED ALL DAY FRIDAY, AUG. 9th.** This is absolutely necessary, as the whole stock must be gone over and gotten in shape. We will tell you in a general way of some of the great bargains. In reading these prices, remember that every article in the store will be reduced—nothing reserved, and in many cases the prices are less than the bare cost of making.

Dress Goods

Our carefully selected stock, at all times, is a guarantee that you will find what you want. Price reductions very pronounced.

75 pieces Plain and Fancy Dress Goods, sold from 12½c to 18c, sale price **10c**

50 pieces Wool Dress Goods, Plain and Fancy, sold from 30c to 40c, sale price **19c**

25 pieces Plain and Novelty Dress Goods, sold from 50c to 75c, sale price. . . . **33c**

25 pieces High Class Novelties, over half the lot being plain colors, all desirable shades, have sold from $1 to $1.50, sale price **50c**

Black Goods—all lines marked at closing prices.

Silks

Our entire silk stock was greatly reduced in price for the Special Silk Sale just closed, but we have added some new silks, in Taffetas, Peau de Soie, etc., and we promise our patrons some of the best values they have ever seen. Foulards, Fancy Stripes and Plaids, all must be sold out at this time.

Ribbons

200 pieces Fancy Ribbons, real value 30c to 50c, for this sale, per yard . . . **15c**

300 pieces Ribbons at. . **5c, 8c, 10c**

These prices to close, and are about one-half price.

Linens

This Department, always of interest to the thrifty housewife, will be doubly so during this sale. Some of the choicest bargains will be found here. Study a few or them.

50 dozen Cot. Towels, large size, sold at 8c, for sale **4c**

50 dozen Linen Towels, the 12½c kind for sale **9c**

50 pieces Bleached Cotton Crash, worth 6¼c, sale price **3½c**

5 pieces Cream Damask, worth 30c, for sale **21c**

5 pieces Cream Damask, 40c kind, for sale **29c**

5 pieces Cream Damask, the 50c kind, for sale. **39c**

6 pieces German Silver, 58 in. Bleached Damask, worth 75c, for sale . **53c**

5 pieces German Silver Bleach Damask, 60 in., worth 75c, for sale. **55c**

8 pieces 64 inch, same kind, worth 90c, for sale **63c**

5 pieces 72 inch, same as above, worth $1.25, for sale **87c**

10 pieces 72 inch Full Bleached Double Satin Damask, from $1.25 to $2.50 a yard, with Napkins to match, at greatly reduced prices.

In the face of the big advance on all linen goods these are real money saving bargains. We invite you to look through this department.

Wash Dress Goods

50 pieces of Lawns we will mark for this sale, per yard **2c**

A big counter of Dimities and Lawns that have sold as high as 12½c, are marked. **5c**

One case Percales and Madras Cloths, in short lengths, worth 12½c and 15c, sale price **8c**

French Dimities, Batistes, etc., that have sold for 20c and 25c, for sale . . . **12½c**

One case Anderson's Best Ginghams that are worth 30c, for sale. **12½c**

25 pieces all wool Challies, beautiful styles, worth 50c, for sale **35c**

10 pieces all wool Challies, with Satin stripe, 75c grade for sale. **43c**

A big lot of French Mercerized Foulards, Ginghams, etc., at about half price. See them.

Our entire wash goods stock, without reserve, will be closed out, splendid values in white goods and embroideries.

LADIES' Shirt Waists AND Skirts

25 dozen Shirt Waists that have sold from 50c to 65c, will close at . . . **35c**

10 doz n $1 and $1.25 Waists will be marked **65c**

The better numbers will be sold at about the same reductions

A fine assortment of Silk Waists in black and colors, don't fail to get one

One lot Ladies' Seersucker Petticoats reduced to **43c**

One lot black twilled Petticoats, just the thing for fall, reduced to. **43c**

10 dozen new Mercerized Black and White Petticoats, have sold for $1 25, for sale **75c**

Another lot that has sold at from $1.25 to $1 50, for the sale at. **89c**

A full line of better numbers at tempting prices.

Blankets, Bed Spreads

100 pairs Cot. Blankets, worth 65c for sale. **42c**

50 pairs Cot. Blankets worth $1, for sale **79c**

50 pairs Cot. Blankets, worth $1.59, for sale. **98c**

50 pairs Cot. Blankets, worth $2.25, for sale. **$1.59**

150 pairs of the celebrated Buffalo All Wool Blankets will enter in this sale. The 10-4 size will sell at **$4.75**

The 11-4 size will sell at. **$5.50**

This Blanket is the most serviceable blanket on the market, and you are indeed lucky to secure one or more pairs at the above prices.

50 pairs Northwestern Blankets, strictly all wool, worth $4.50 pair, this sale. . **$3.59**

A lot of all wool Blankets, samples, slightly soiled, will be marked at prices that will interest you.

White Bed Spreads

One lot White Bed Spreads, have sold at 85c, for sale. **59c**

One lot worth $1, for sale **89c**

One lot worth $1.35, for sale **$1.10**

One lot worth $1.50, for sale. . . . **$1.23**

One lot worth $1.75, for sale **$1.43**

Underwear

Ladies,' Men's and Children's.

All the Summer and Lightweight Underwear in this department will be sold without regard to cost. Will pay to lay away until next season. In addition we will have

One case Men's Heavy Fleeced new goods, will sell at 65c, but for the sale is marked. **49c**

One case Men's Heavy Fleeced new goods that will sell at 50c, for this sale **39c**

One case Boys' Fleeced Underwear, heavy, all sizes, new goods, worth 40c, for this sale **25c**

25 doz Men's Fancy Shirts, soft and laundered, $1.00 kind, for sale **79c**

25 doz. Men's Fancy Shirts are marked for this sale. **39c**

Big reductions on Neckwear of all kinds.

Carpets, Rugs, Etc.

10 rolls All Wool Carpets that are selling now at 65c, will be marked for this sale 45c

Big lot of Rugs, worth $1.50, at 98c

Big lot Carpet Samples, all grades, at half price. Mattings, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Carpet Sweepers—everything reduced.

LUNCH COUNTER ON SECOND FLOOR OPEN FREE TO OUT OF TOWN CUSTOMERS SATURDAY, AUG. 10; MONDAY, AUG. 12, SAT'DAY, AUG. 17.

DOMESTICS.

2 cases Brown Muslin. **3c**

2 cases Brown Muslin. **4c**

2 cases Brown Muslin. **5c**

Bleached Muslins, ... 5, 6 and 7c

Prints . . . . . 3, 4 and 5c

Lancaster Ginghams 5c

50 pieces Apron Ginghams 4c

One case Outing Flannel (just opened) worth 8c, for sale 6¼c

One case Blue and Gray Plush (new goods), are worth 9c, for. **7c**

One worth 10c for **8c**

One case Silkolines will be marked **6c**

One case Silkolines. **8c**

Great Values.

A Few Specials.

2000 yds. Albatross, all wool, short lengths, worth 50c a yard in full pieces, will be marked . . . . . **19c yd**

1000 yards Valour Draperies, worth $1.25 a yard, will close the lot at **39c**

Parasols must go. Good assortment of colors left. At the prices we will make them they can't last over a day or two.

Lace Curtains

In this department some great bargains will be found. Swiss, Bobinet, Nottinghams, etc. Big money can be saved by our customers, as we propose to make prices that will close them all out during this sale.

Cloak Department.

This place will be given special attention. Every garment, Suits, Cloth Skirts, Duck Skirts, Wraps of all kinds, Wrappers, in fact everything in this department will be cut to the quick. Don't fail to visit the south room on the second floor.

Wall Paper.

To give you an idea of what we will do in this department, we have bunched all broken stock in bundles, enough side wall, ceiling, and border for a room.

One lot that has sold for $3.00 is marked **$1.23**

One lot that sold for $3.50 is marked **$1.43**

One lot that sold for $2.40 is marked . . **$1.00**

One lot that sold for $5.50 is marked. . . . **$2.45**

One lot that sold for $5.40 is marked . . . **$3.10**

Get one or more of these lots. They won't last long. Reductions made on the whole stock.

The few prices we have named above will give you an idea of what we will do. **Sale opens Saturday Morning, August 10,** and will last 25 days Remember, stores will close on Friday, the day before the sale opens, to get the stock ready. Respectfully,

A. J. HUMBERGER & SON, Warwick Blk., N. Erie St., Massillon, O.

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